

December 2024

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#### Introduction

This report presents the findings of Ipsos B&A's latest Consumer Confidence Barometer, covering December 2024.



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Survey results are based on a sample of 1,010 adults aged 16+, quota controlled in terms of age, gender, socio-economic class, and region to reflect the profile of the adult population of the Republic of Ireland.



All interviewing was conducted via Ipsos B&A's Acumen Online Barometer.

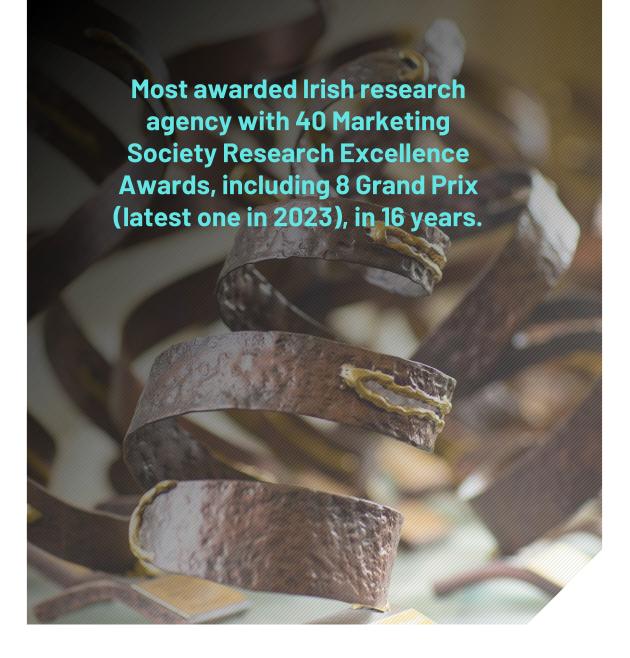


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Fieldwork on the latest wave was conducted from the 29th November - 9th December 2024.







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#### How nervous are we about Trump?

This wave of the Ipsos B&A Consumer Confidence Barometer was conducted from the 29th November -9th December 2024.

Consumer confidence has slipped back slightly in December. It now stands at a net rating of -23 (those feeling downbeat versus those feeling more upbeat), compared to -22 in November.

Given the backdrop of positive economic indicators (relatively low inflation, falling interest rates and near-full employment), it suggests that we are casting an eye over the pond, and the ramifications of what a Trump administration will bring.

As in previous findings, females, those from lower social classes and residents living outside the capital are the most pessimistic in their outlook. The youngest age cohort are again most downbeat in December.

The proportion of the population that are "coping" with the cost-of-living has slipped back (down three to 64%). There is a constant segment (c20% of the population) that are struggling.

Just over one in four feel (28%) that their personal income will improve over the next year, compared to 31% feeling that they will be less well off.

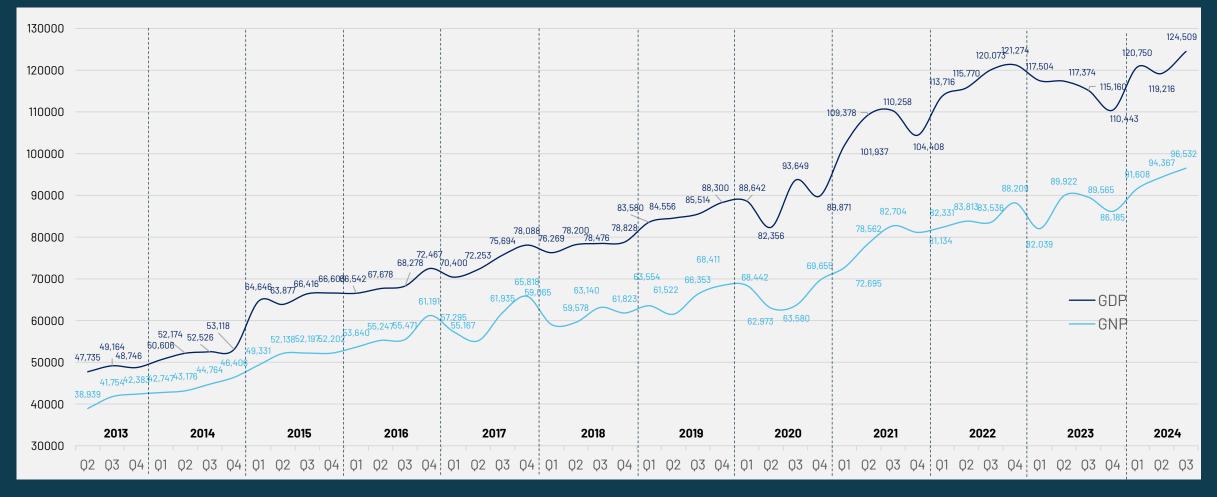
Reflecting other indicators, sentiment has retreated in terms of perceived asset growth over the next 12 months; December has seen a further decline - we are back to scores seen in the late summer.

Three in five (61%) will maintain or increase their saving habits this year, but this leaves a significant minority feeling that they will reduce the amount they save in the next 12 months.





# The economy rebounded strongly in Quarter 3 2024 both in terms of GDP and GNP. Both now stand at the highest levels recorded so far. Quarter Four data not available yet.

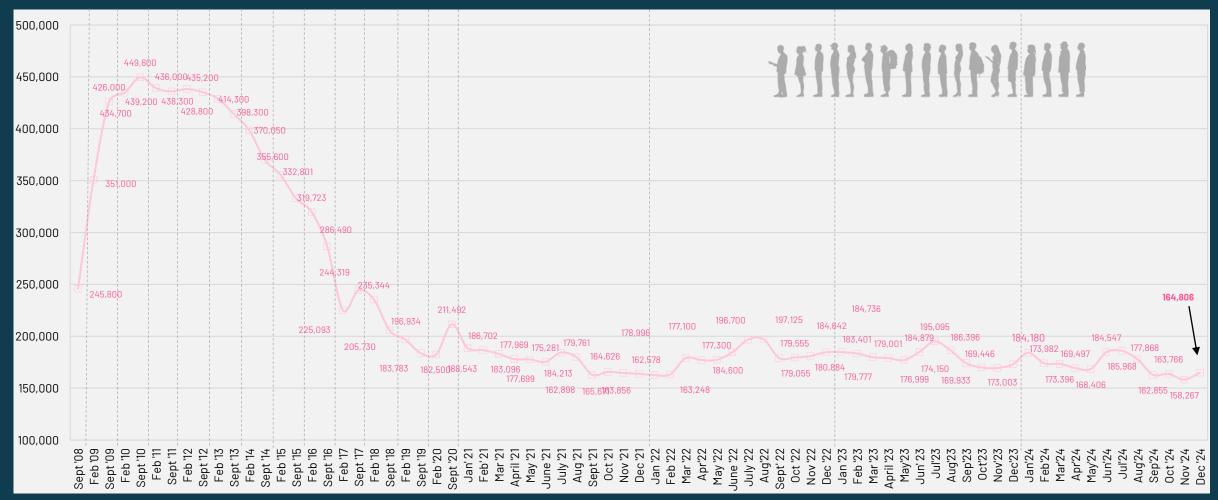


Source: <u>www.CSO.ie</u> Quarterly National Accounts

Note: Qtr. 2'24 GDP and GNP data finalised 5<sup>th</sup> September 2024



## The live register figures have risen in December compared to November 2024, with 164,806 now on the register, marking an increase of 6,539 this month.



\*The Live Register is not designed to measure unemployment. It includes part-time work e.g. seasonal & casual workers who work up to 3 days per week. Note: Based on unadjusted data.

Source: www.CSO.ie Quarterly National Accounts



## The Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate in December has crept up to 4.2%, although it is still close to full employment.

Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate



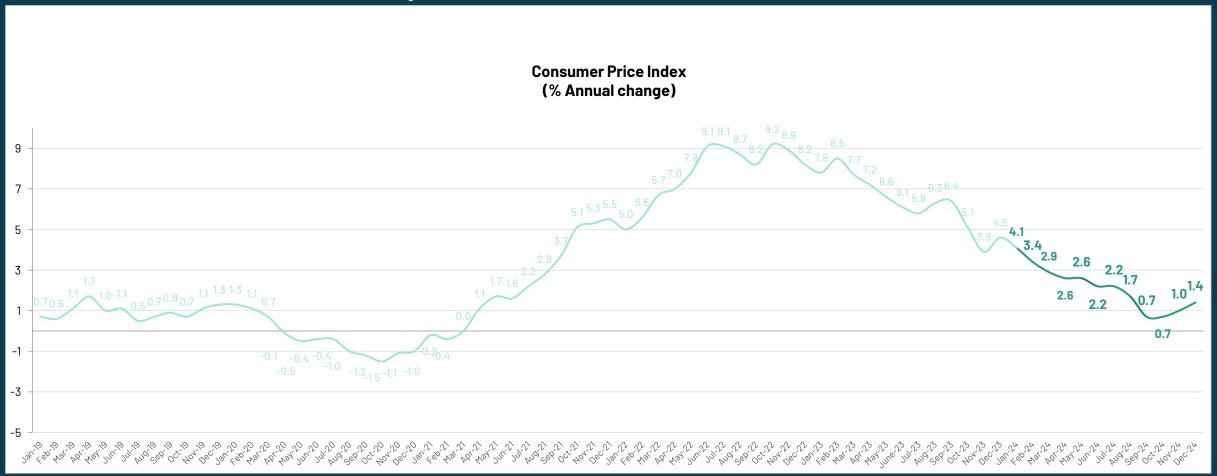
The estimates for October and November 2024 have been forecasted. Forecasted figures are subject to revision.

Source: <u>www.CSO.ie</u> Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate



## Furthermore, inflation edged up to a 1.4% in December to 1.4% but it remains significantly lower than the same period last year and under the 2% target.

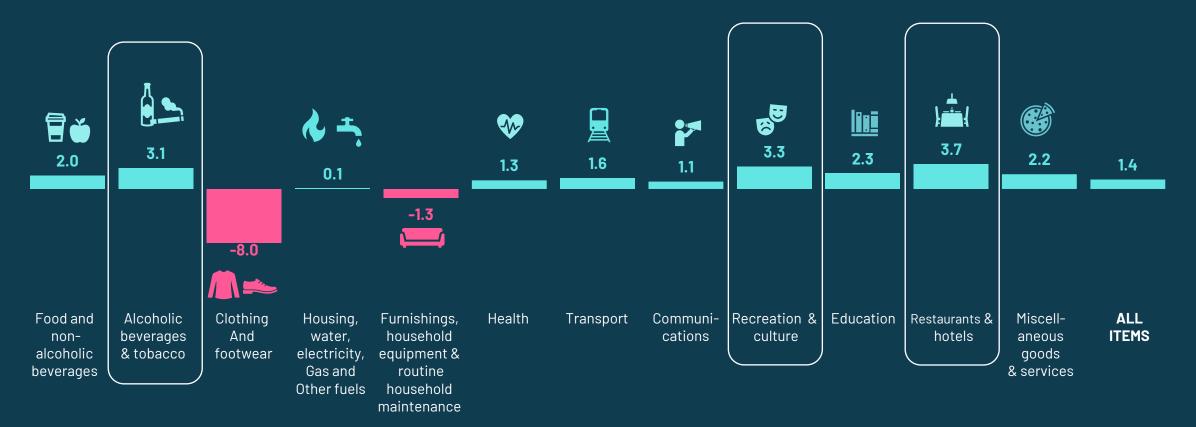
Consumer Price Index (% Annual change)





Clothing and Footwear (-8.0%) had the greatest decline, followed by Furnishings, Household Equipment etc (-1.3%). The Hospitality sector experienced a 3.7% increase, while Recreation & Culture saw a rise of 3.3%.

Consumer Price Index by Sector (% Annual change)





### Easing inflation makes headlines, but concerns over housing prices persist.

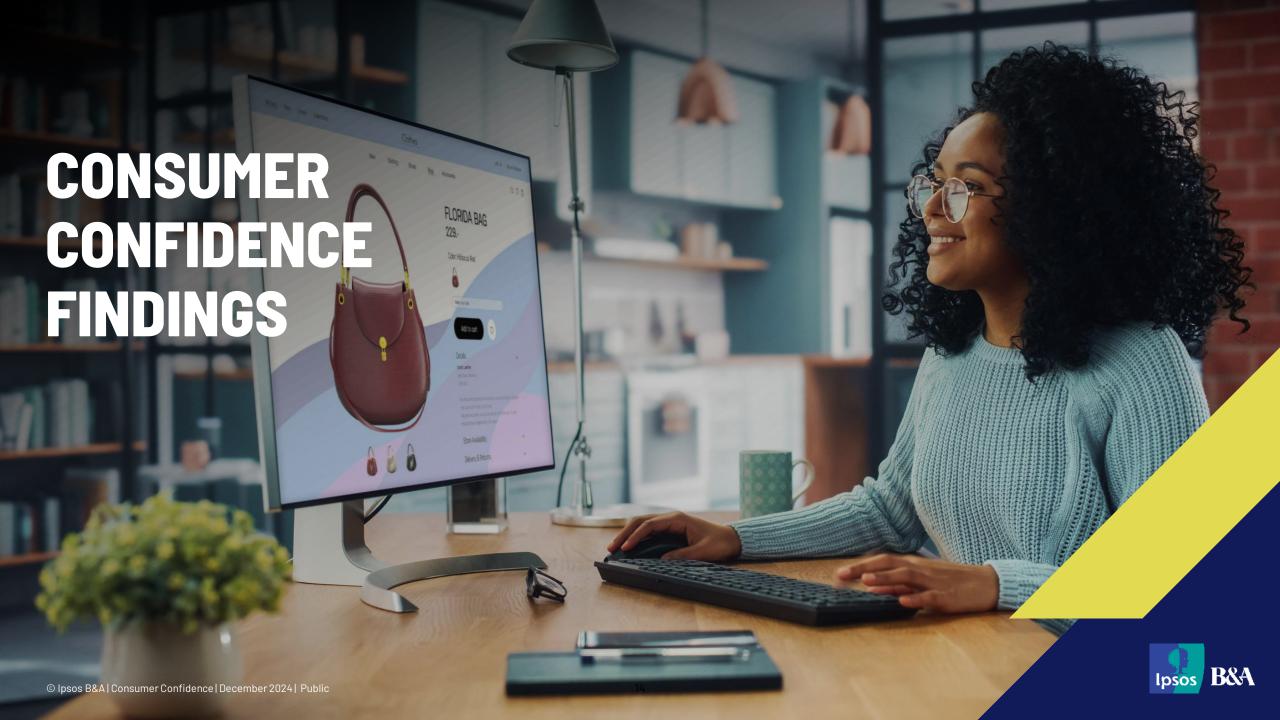




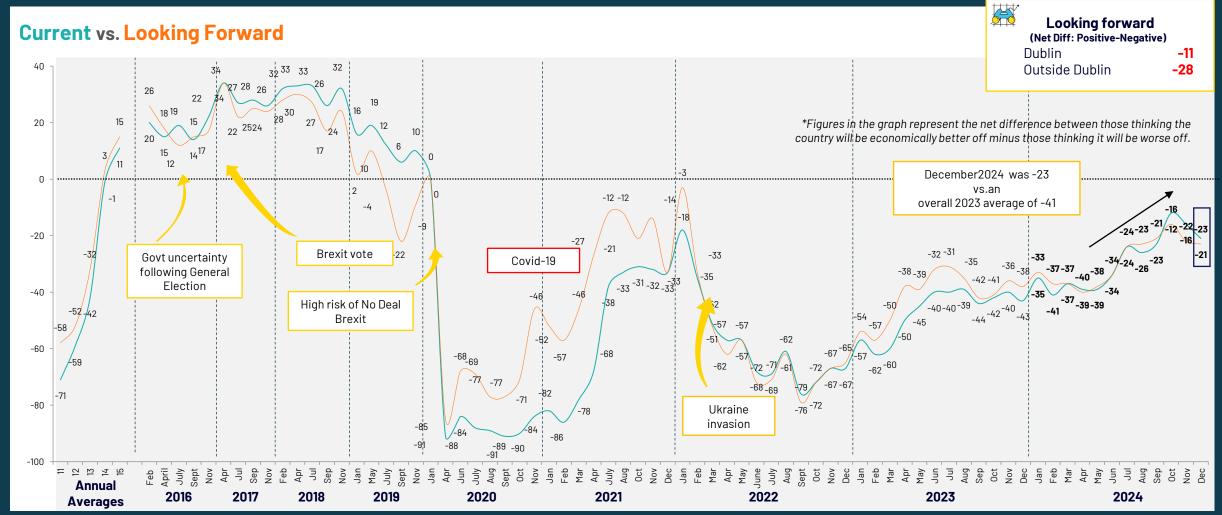


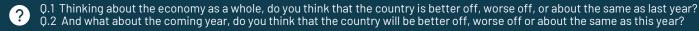






# Consumer confidence slipped back marginally in December (net difference has disimproved by one point to -23). We are still far ahead compared to 2023's average of -41.





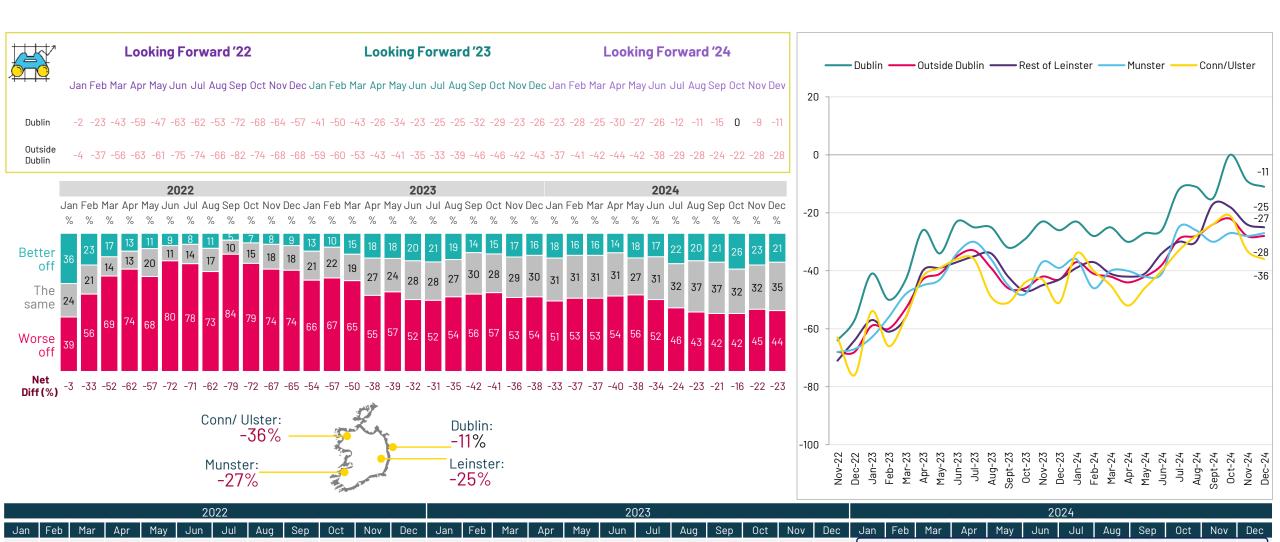


As has been observed in previous waves, females, those from lower social classes and residents living outside the capital are the most pessimistic in their outlook. The youngest cohort (18-34 year olds) remain more downbeat in December.

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	-23	-15	(-31	-26	-22	-22	-18	-29		-28	-23	-23
NET DIFF	Total	Male	Female	16-34	35-54	55+	ABC1F	C2DE	Dublin	Outside Dublin	Irish	Non-Irish
Nov'24	-22%	-11%	-33%	-23%	-24%	-19%	-18%	-27%	-9%	-28%	-25%	-14%
0ct'24	-16%	-7%	-24%	-4%	-24%	-17%	-8%	-24%	0	-22%	-14%	-23%
Sep'24	-21%	-9%	-33%	-19%	-30%	-14%	-15%	-28%	-15%	-24%	-21%	-22%
Aug'24	-23%	-10%	-35%	-15%	-32%	-21%	-17%	-30%	-11%	-28%	-24%	-21%
Juľ24	-24%	-8%	-39%	-24%	-30%	-17%	-16%	-33%	-12%	-29%	-24%	-24%
Jun'24	-34%	-23%	-46%	-39%	-38%	-26%	-30%	-39%	-26%	-38%	-34%	-35%
May'24	-38%	-30%	-46%	-31%	-50%	-32%	-35%	-41%	-27%	-42%	-37%	-42%
Apr'24	-40%	-24%	-55%	-35%	-50%	-33%	-34%	-46%	-30%	-44%	-39%	-41%
Mar'24	-37%	-28%	-45%	-37%	-41%	-32%	-29%	-45%	-25%	-42%	-37%	-36%
Feb'24	-37%	-29%	-46%	-33%	-46%	-33%	-31%	-44%	-28%	-41%	-37%	-42%
Jan'24	-33%	-21%	-44%	-17%	-40%	-38%	-22%	-44%	-23%	-37%	-33%	-30%
Dec'23	-38%	-28%	-48%	-27%	-46%	-40%	-33%	-44%	-26%	-43%	-39%	-37%
Nov'23	-36%	-26%	-46%	-27%	-46%	-34%	-28%	-45%	-23%	-42%	-37%	-33%
Oct'23	-41%	-33%	-50%	-42%	-46%	-36%	-39%	-44%	-29%	-46%	-43%	-33%
Sep'23	-42%	-28%	-55%	-40%	-50%	-34%	-38%	-45%	-32%	-46%	-41%	-45%
Aug'23	-35%	-23%	-46%	-20%	-46%	-35%	-24%	-47%	-25%	-39%	-35%	-32%
Jul'23	-32%	-15%	-48%	-33%	-38%	-24%	-30%	-34%	-23%	-35%	-31%	-35%
Jun'23	-32%	-15%	-48%	-33%	-38%	-24%	-30%	-34%	-23%	-35%	-31%	-35%
May'23	-39%	-22%	-54%	-38%	-52%	-25%	-33%	-45%	-34%	-41%	-38%	-41%
Apr'23	-38%	-23%	-52%	-30%	-43%	-39%	-34%	-42%	-26%	-43%	-38%	-36%
Mar '23	-50%	-38%	-62%	-44%	-58%	-47%	-47%	-54%	-43%	-53%	-51%	-41%
Feb '23	-57%	-51%	-63%	-57%	-60%	-55%	-51%	-63%	-50%	-60%	-58%	-50%
Jan '23	-54%	-44%	-62%	-48%	-56%	-56%	-50%	-57%	-41%	-59%	-55%	-44%
Dec '22	-65%	-61%	-69%	-65%	-65%	-65%	-62%	-68%	-57%	-68%	-66%	-55%
Nov '22	-67%	-61%	-72%	-56%	-75%	-67%	-68%	-66%	-64%	-68%	-68%	-58%
Oct '22	-72%	-67%	-77%	-65%	-73%	-78%	-72%	-72%	-68%	-74%	-73%	-67%
Sept '22	-79%	-73%	-85%	-74%	-82%	-80%	-80%	-78%	-72%	-82%	-81%	-64%
Aug '22	-62%	-56%	-69%	-54%	-69%	-63%	-61%	-64%	-53%	-66%	-64%	-53%
Jul'22	-71%	-65%	-77%	-59%	-77%	-75%	-73%	-68%	-62%	-74%	-72%	-63%
Jun'22	-72%	-67%	-77%	-59%	-74%	-80%	-69%	-75%	-63%	-75%	-73%	-60%
May '22	-57%	-52%	-62%	-37%	-63%	-69%	-57%	-57%	-47%	-61%	-60%	-37%
Apr'22	-62%	-54%	-70%	-53%	-65%	-66%	-65%	-58%	-59%	-63%	-63%	-54%
Mar '22	-52%	-43%	-62%	-38%	-53%	-65%	-49%	-56%	-43%	-56%	-53%	-46%

Base: All Adults 16+

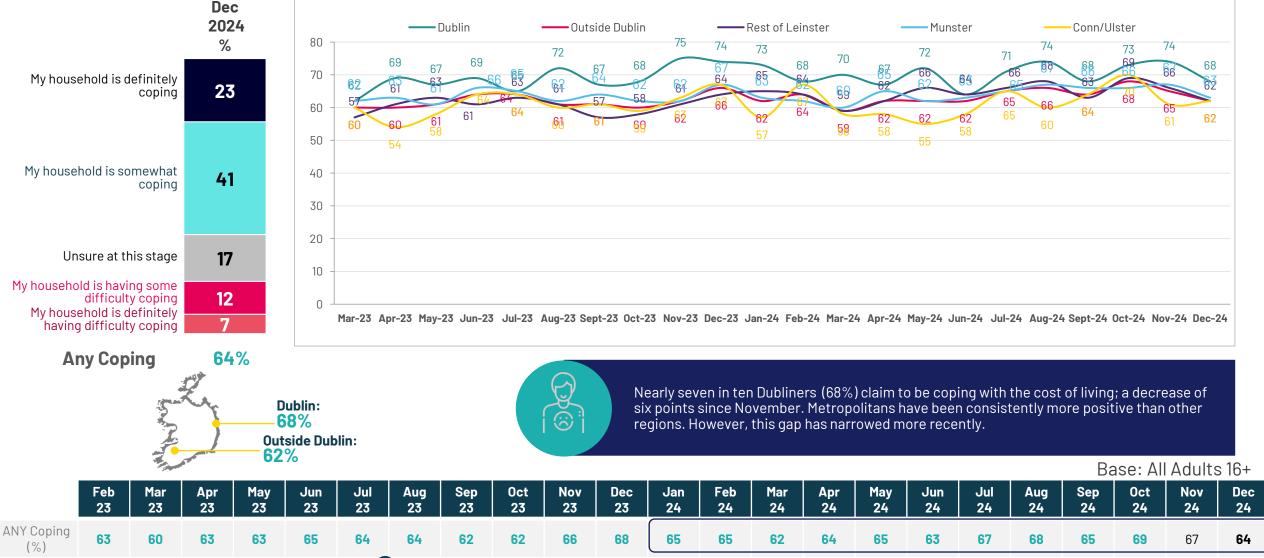
## Nearly half (44%) feel that the country will be worse off over the next 12 months; just one in five are more upbeat. Dubliners tend to be least negative.



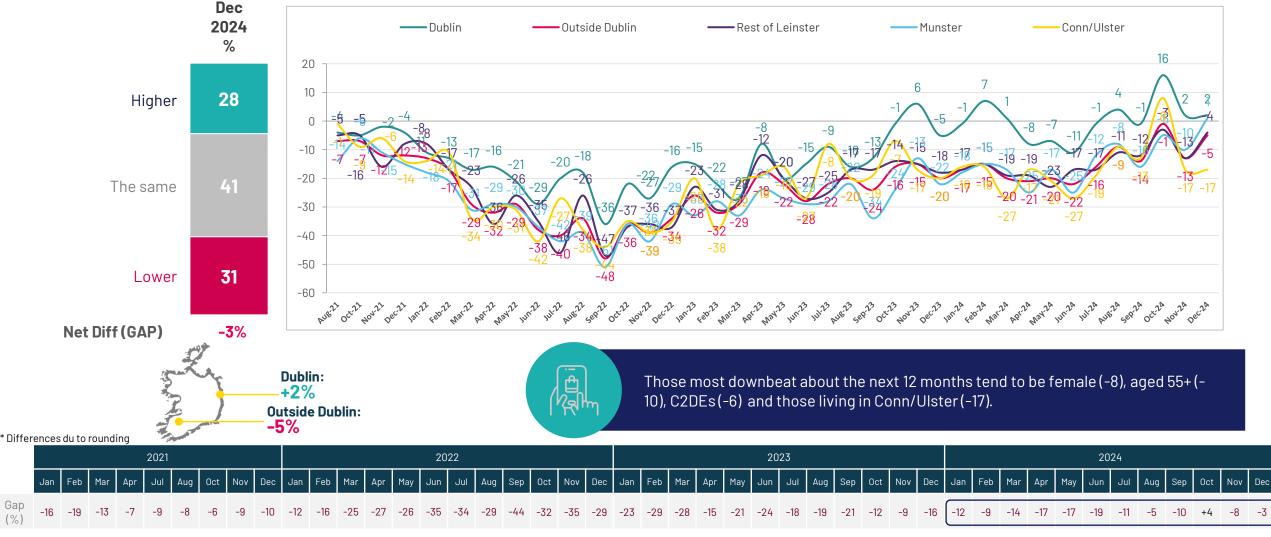




The proportion of the population that are "coping" with rising prices has remained relatively steady– nearly two in three are surviving to some extent. There is a sizeable (and consistent) section of the population that are struggling – one in five overall.



# Nearly three in ten feel that their *personal* income will improve this year. However, a slightly higher proportion believe that their income will reduce in 2025. In essence, more are pessimistic than optimistic.

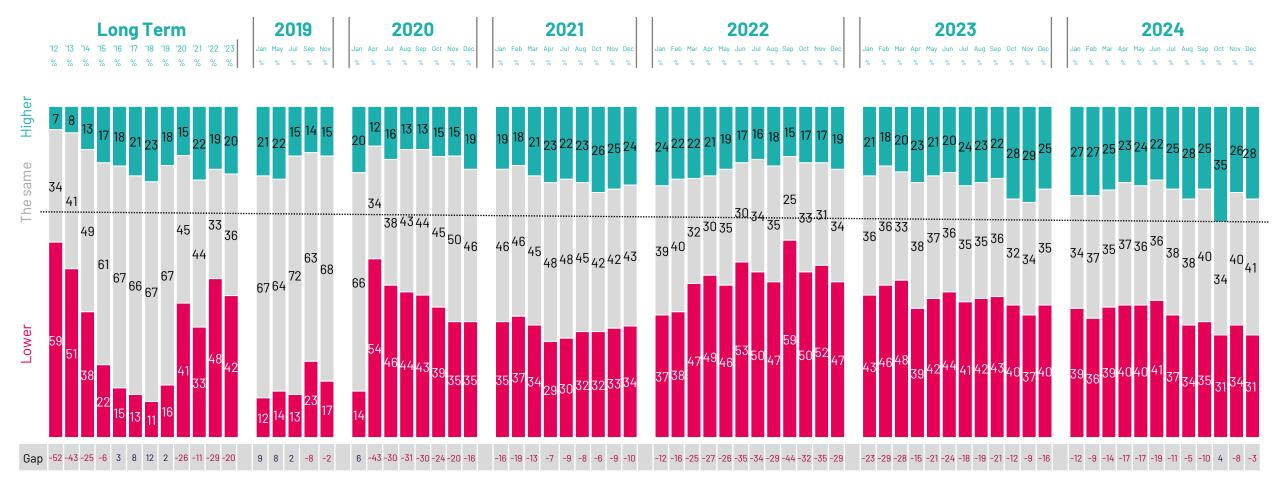






#### **Income Projections - Looking Forward YOY**

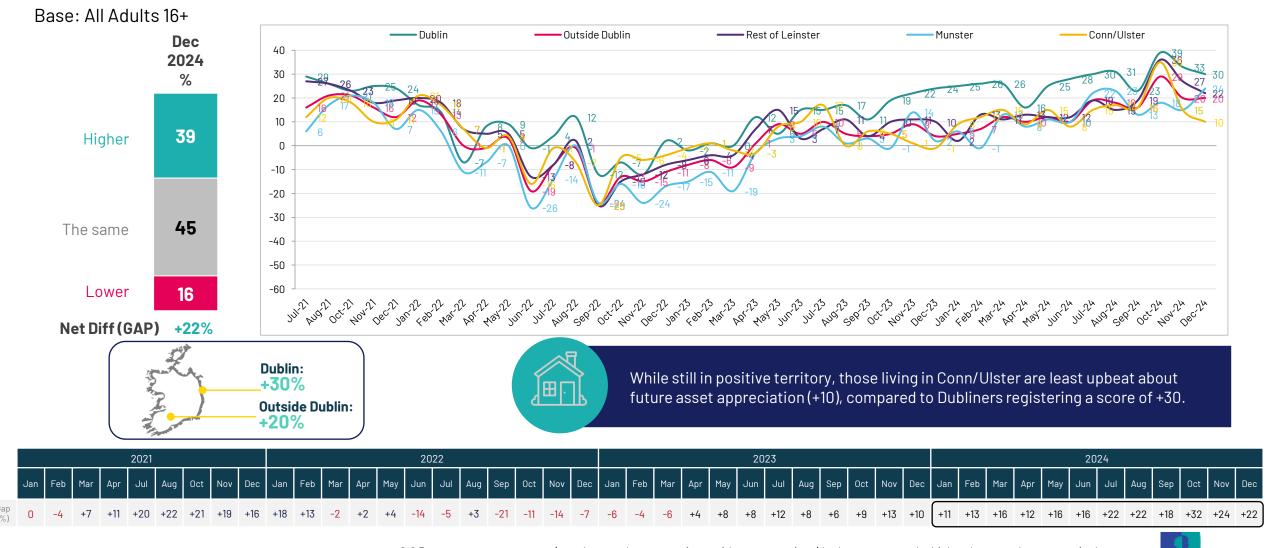
#### **Expect it to be...**





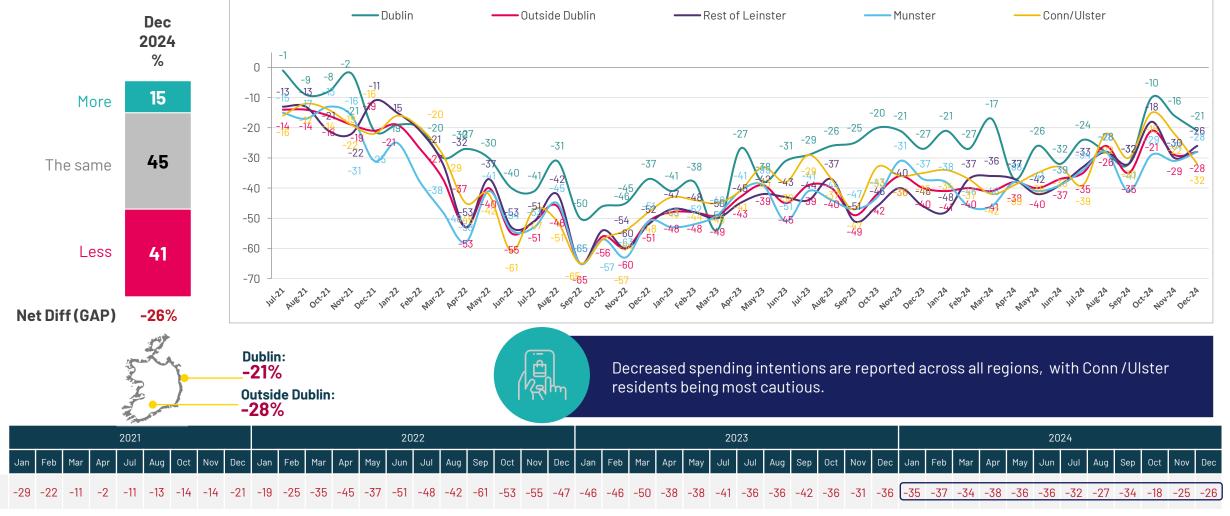


## Sentiment has also retreated slightly in terms of perceived asset growth over the next 12 months; October had been a high point, so we are back to scores seen in the late summer.





# Purchase intentions for the year ahead have also slipped. Just one in six think they will spend more over the next 12 months, compared to over two in five feeling they will tighten their belts.





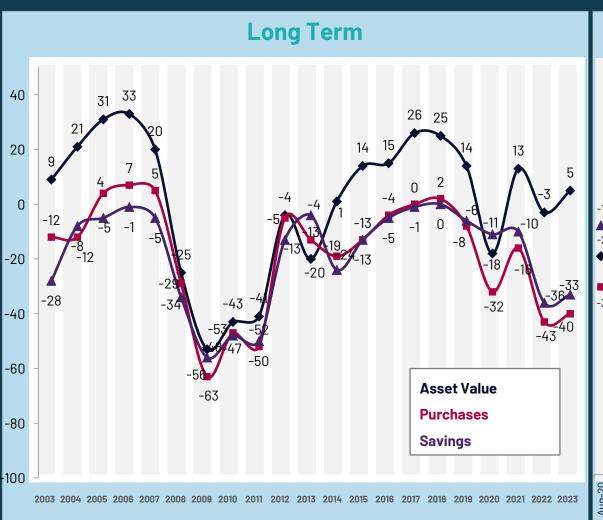
Three in five (61%) will maintain or increase their saving habits in the coming year, but this leaves a significant minority feeling they will reduce the amount they save this year.

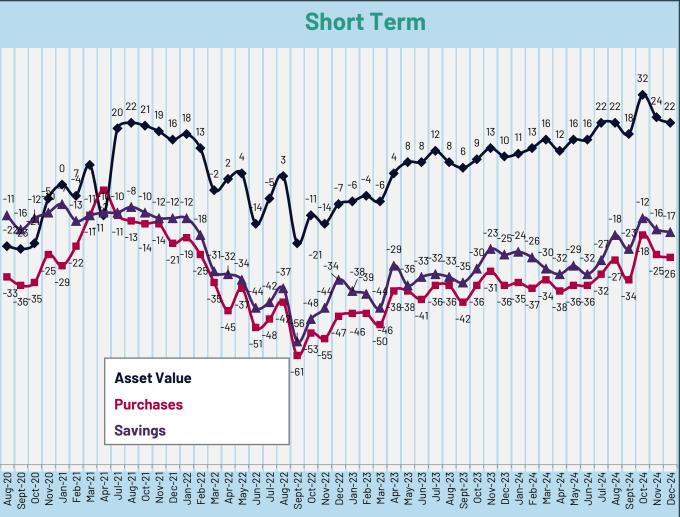




## **Balance Of Opinion in Summary - The Year Ahead**

An overview of expectations towards asset value, purchases, and savings











# THANK YOU



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