

Consumer Confidence Tracker

May 2022

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J.1665





Introduction





This report presents the findings of B&A's latest Consumer Confidence Tracker.



Survey results are based on a sample of 1,002 adults aged 16+, quota controlled in terms of age, gender, socio-economic class and region to reflect the profile of the adult population of the Republic of Ireland.



All interviewing on this wave was conducted via B&A's Acumen online barometer.



Fieldwork on the latest wave was conducted from the 14th - 24th May 2022.

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Slight improvement in consumer confidence but strong concerns about rising prices remain.

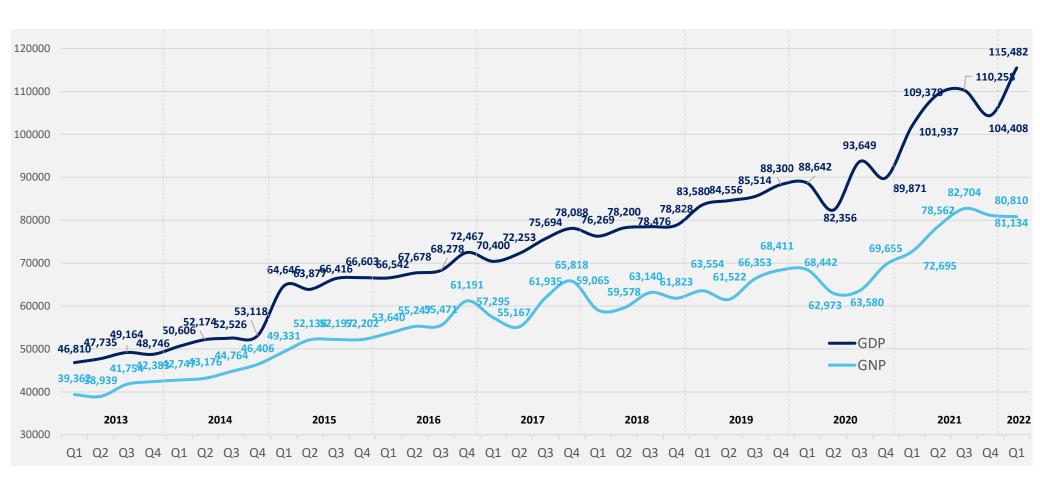
- This wave of the B&A Consumer Confidence
 Barometer was conducted from the 14th 24th of May 2022.
- Following a sharp decline in consumer confidence caused by the war in Ukraine and rising prices, consumer confidence is up slightly from -62 in April to -57 in May.
- However, 2 in 3 still believe the country will be worse off in the coming year, with just 1 in 10 believing that we will be better off.
- Those living outside Dublin are significantly more pessimistic in their outlook than those living in Dublin.
- With half expecting their disposable income to be lower in the coming year, consumers remain cautious in terms of spend but spend intention has improved compared to the low level seen in April.
- Outlook for personal assets continues to be net positive, with house prices going up.







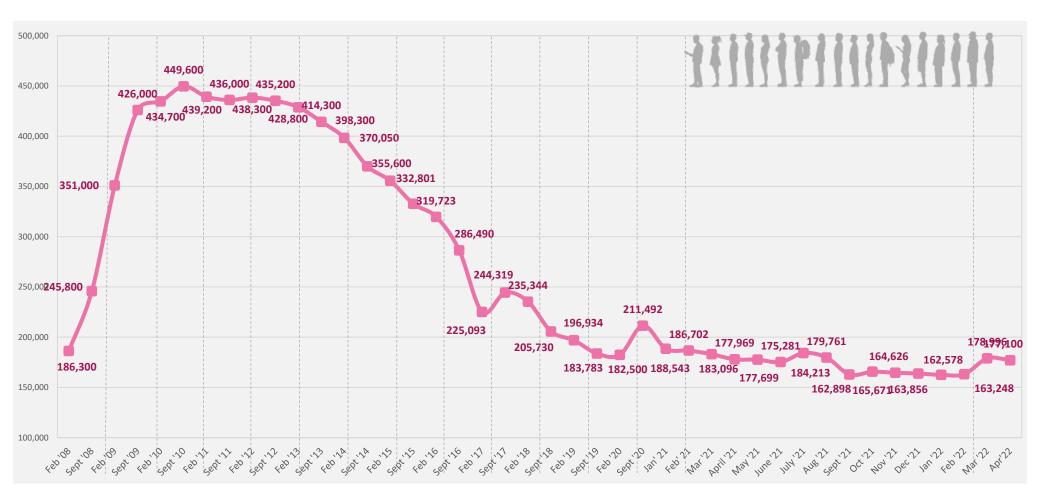
The GDP bounces back in Q1 from the decline in Q4, while GNP sees a further slightly decline.



Source: www.CSO.ie Quarterly National Accounts



Live register figures shows a slight decline in April 2022



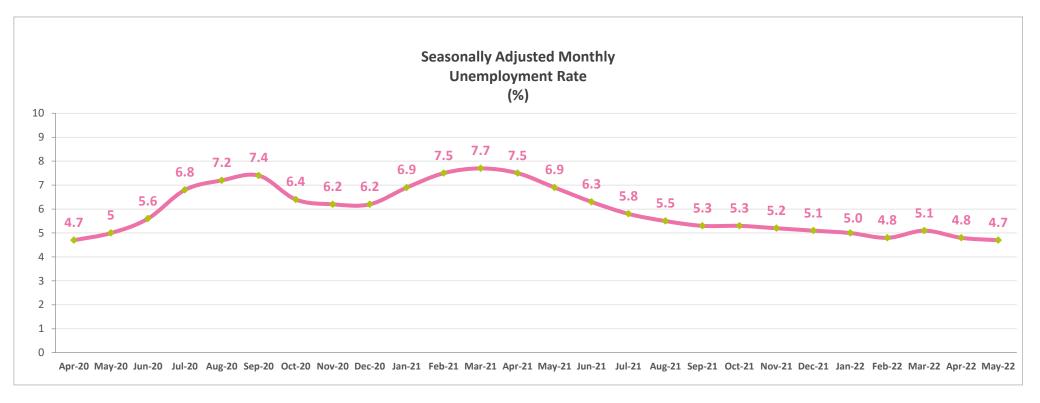
^{*} The Live Register is not designed to measure unemployment. It includes parttime work e.g. seasonal & casual workers who work up to 3 days per week

The Live Register does not include those on Pandemic Unemployment Payments.

Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate for May 2022 is 4.7% - stable compared to April 2022.



Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate



Source: CSO website (Seasonally Adjusted Monthly Unemployment Rate)

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for May 2022 was 4.7%, down slightly from a rate of 4.8% in April 2022 and down from 6.9% in May 2021. The seasonally adjusted number of persons unemployed was 127,500 in May 2022, compared to 129,900 in April 2022. When compared to May 2021, there was an annual decrease of 46,700 in the seasonally adjusted number of people unemployed.

Consumer sentiment remains impacted by concerns around rising prices and a worry of a potential recession.



THE IRISH TIMES

EU hikes Irish inflation forecasts as it lowers European growth outlook

European growth would flatline this year in event of outright cut in Russian gas, EU says



EU Commission has hiked its Irish inflation forecasts as it lowered its growth outlook for EU, saying Russia's invasion of Ukraine 'posed new challenges'. Photograph: iStock

By Joe Brennan

Mon May 16 2022 - 11:14



Pensioner sells car to cope with cost of living crisis as protesters demand action from Government

Some 100 senior citizens, lone parents, workers and students gathered outside the Dáil on Thursday to protest the rising cost of living



Rise in older people facing financial burden - Alone

Updated / Friday, 20 May 2022 22:24





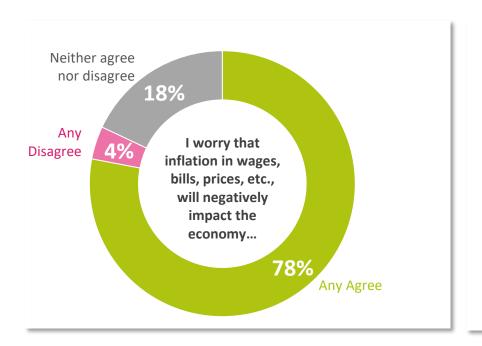


Varadkar at Davos: 'We will not go into recession, but there will be a slowdown'

Leo Varadkar is attending the World Economic Forum in Davos, Switzerland today.

Unsurprisingly, concerns about inflation have rocketed

Base: All adults 16+ N = 1019



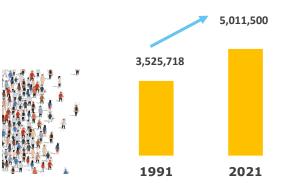


Concern about inflation and its impact on the economy is being noticed across the board.



Demographic Shifts from 1991 to 2021

Dramatic population growth & an aging society



This increase has been boosted by 645,500 non-Irish nationals (12.9% of total pop) and a large growth in those over 65 which has reached 742,300 (14.8% of total pop.) In 1991, there was a total of 402,880 people over 65 showing a major shift in this cohort.

By 2031 the projection is for the 65+ cohort to account for 1 million.

Alongside this, the mortality rate has been increasing and is projected to continue on this path with life expectancy set to increase by 2.5% for males and 2% for females in the short term, and 1.5% in the long term.



Better economic situation

Both periods experiencing major economic turbulence.

- 1991 recession in the late 1980s
- 2021 pandemic-induced recession and recovery



1991 saw a 19% unemployment rate, while 2021 experienced a 12.4% unemployment rate when you account for the COVID-19 adjusted measure of unemployment.

When considering both economic situations, it is important to acknowledge that the **2021** experience has **improved significantly** in a very short time. For example, in the space of one year (**August 2020** to **August 2021**) the unemployment rate dropped from **17.1%** to **12.4%**).



Therefore, economic outlook of respondents may well be more positive than that of 1991 respondents given the quick dip and rapid recovery nature of this recession.





Higher educational attainment

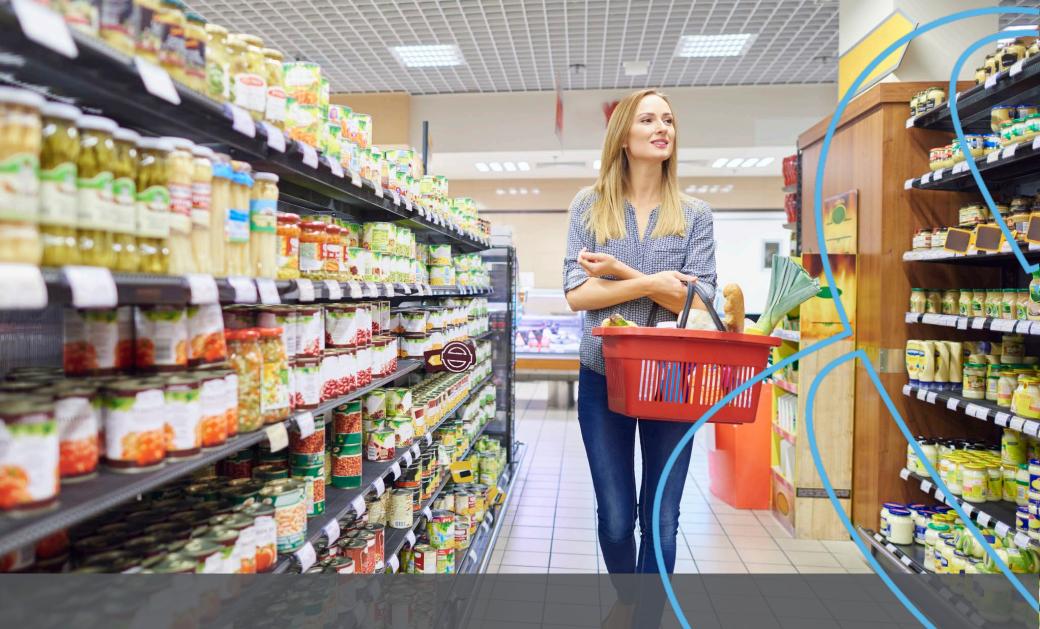
Seismic shift has been seen in the area of education with a particularly significant jump in those who have gained a **third level education** between 1991 and 2016 (last census).

In 1991, the number stood at 13.6%; in 2016 this jumped to 42%.



Unsurprisingly this increase in third level attainment has been paired with a massive drop in those who have no formal education; moving from 34.4% in 1991 to 13.3% in 2016.

This has a lasting impact on our views and thus this research, given that those who achieve a third level education are more likely to be more liberal in their opinions and behaviours.



Consumer confidence findings

In May, consumer confidence improves slightly, but concerns about rising costs and the economy remain.

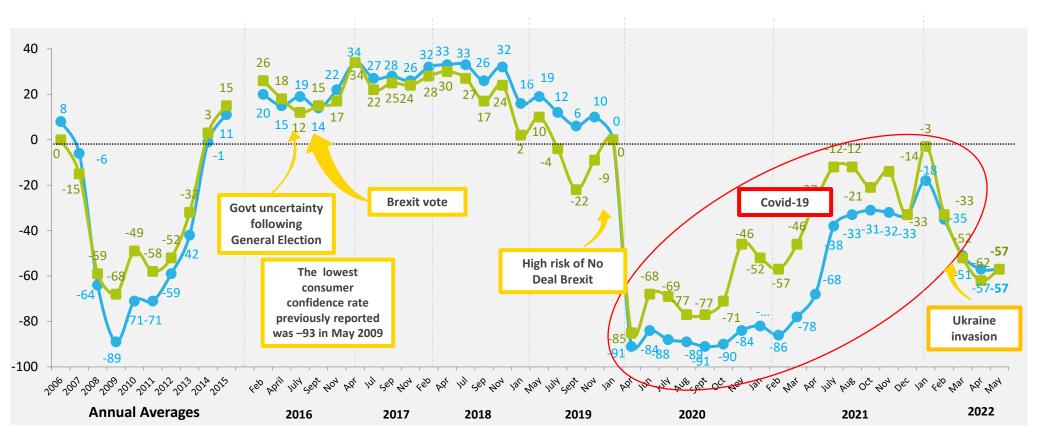


Looking forward

(Net Diff: Positive-Negative)

Dublin -47%
Outside Dublin -61%

Current vs. Looking Forward



^{*}Figures in the graph represent the net difference between those thinking the country will be economically better off minus those thinking it will be worse off.

Source: B&A Consumer Confidence Report

Stark difference in consumer sentiment between those living in and outside of Dublin.



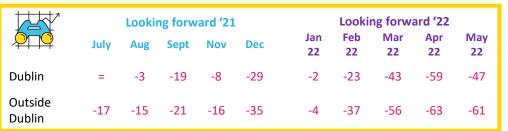
Base: All Adults 16+

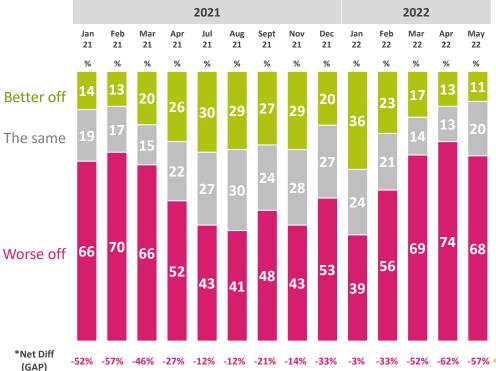


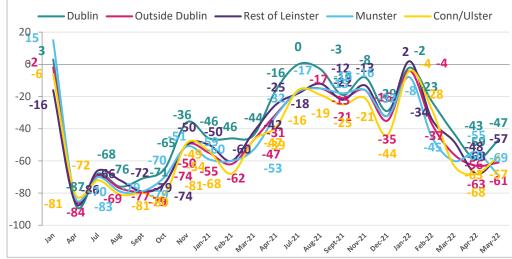
Consumer confidence has marginally increased across the board, except for Munster residents, who are the most pessimistic.

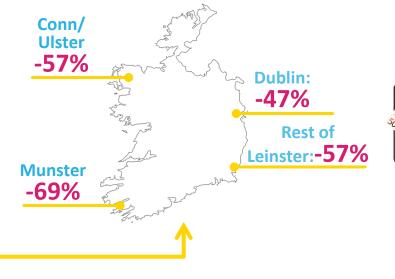


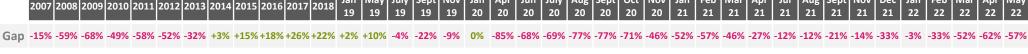
Base: All Adults 16+







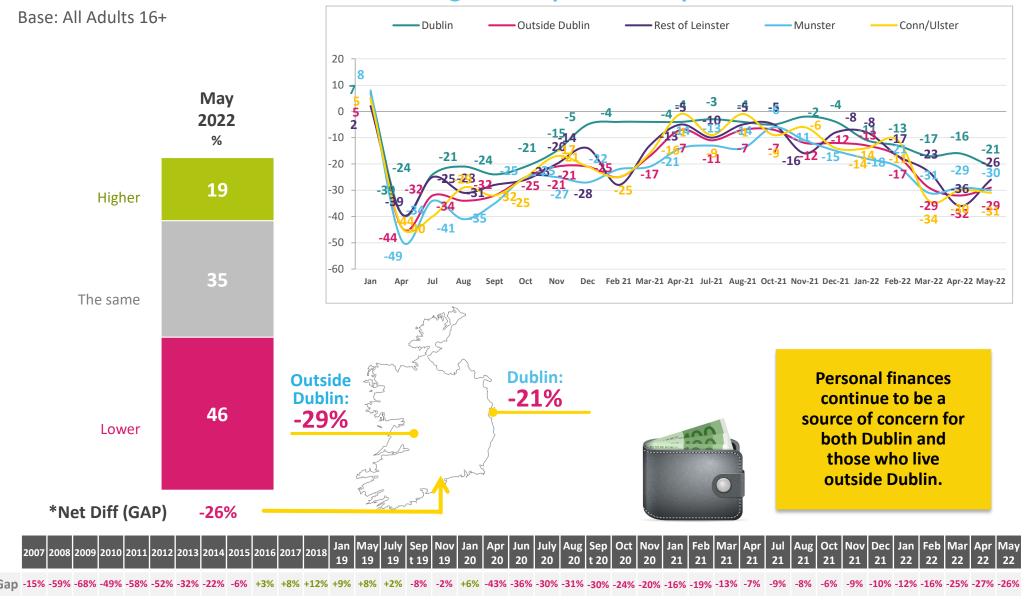






Almost half anticipate their income to be lower next year after inflation and taxes - this is unchanged compared to April.

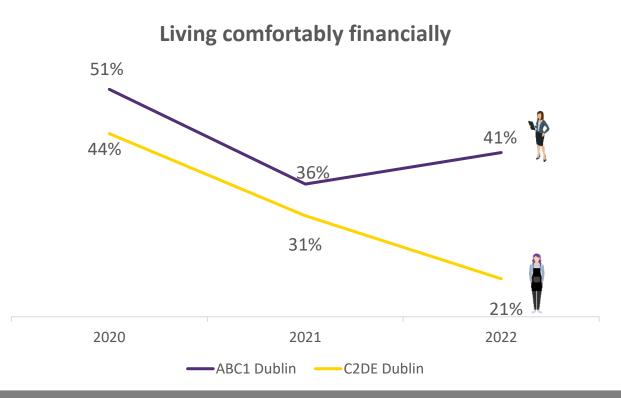




The pandemic has shone a stark light on the problems that were already facing Irish society



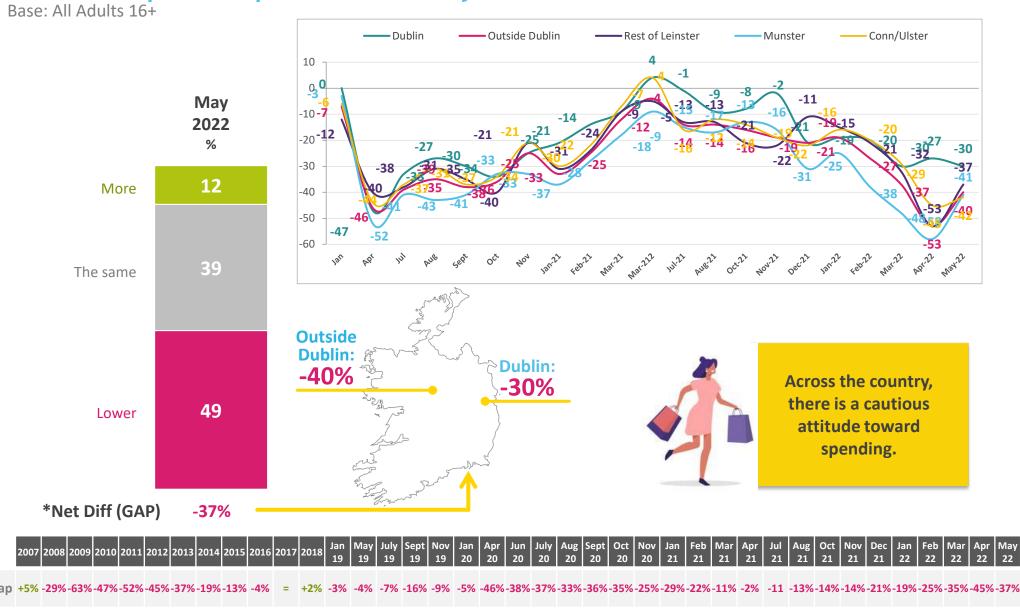
The gap between the middle and working class on financial security has widened since the onset of the pandemic – with middle classes now twice as likely to be living comfortably financially.



This gap is likely to extend into the medium term with increased pressure on household expenditure during the current inflationary period.

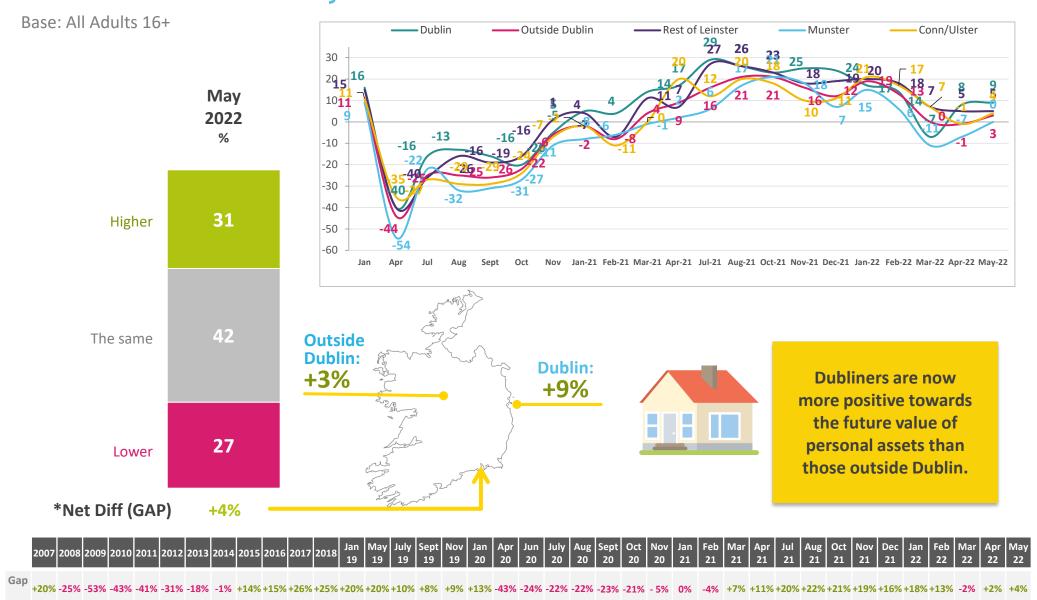
Spend intention is up in May, following a significant decline in April but half expect to spend less in the year ahead.





With increasing house prices, 1 in 3 expect the value of personal assets to increase in the year ahead.

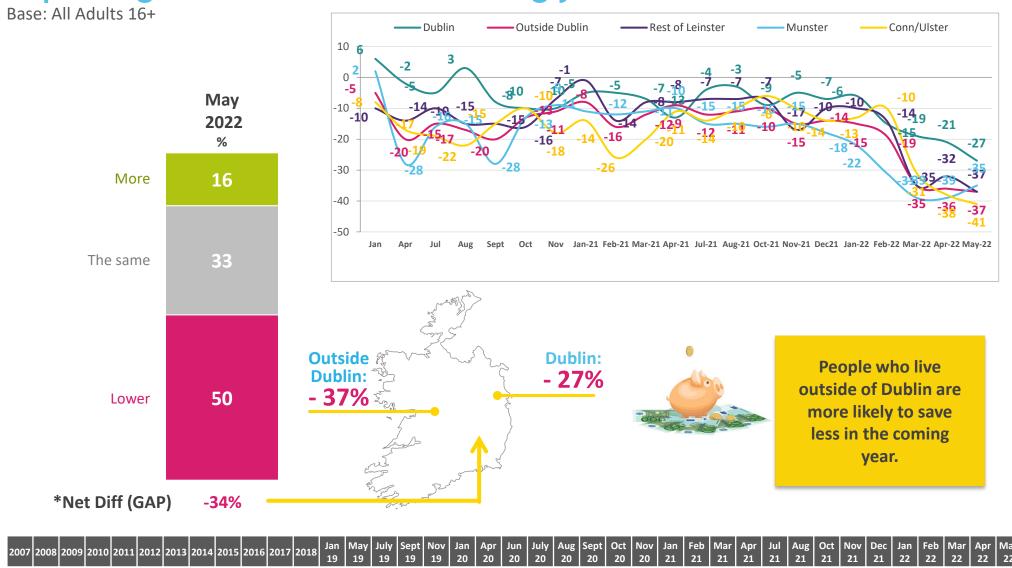




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Intention to save remains unchanged - with half expecting to save less in the coming year.



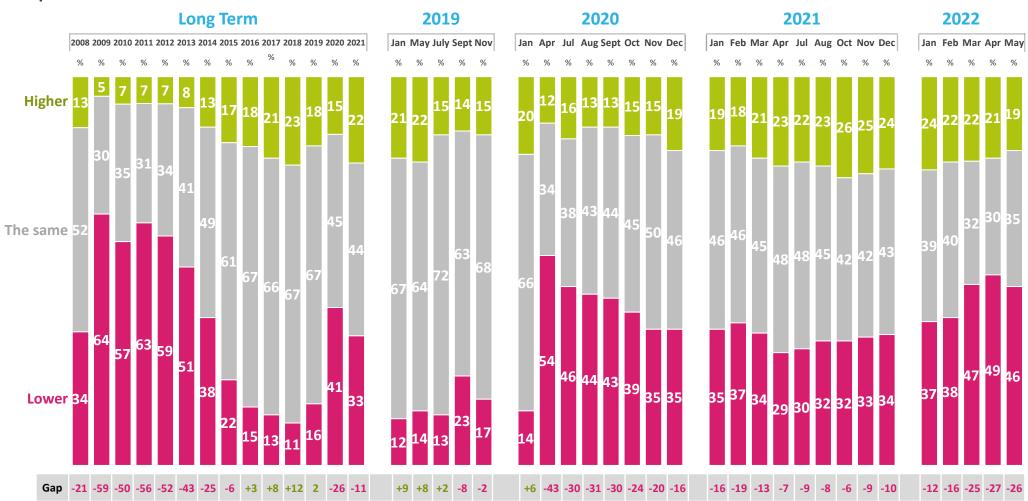


Income Projections - Looking Forward YOY



Base: All Adults 16+

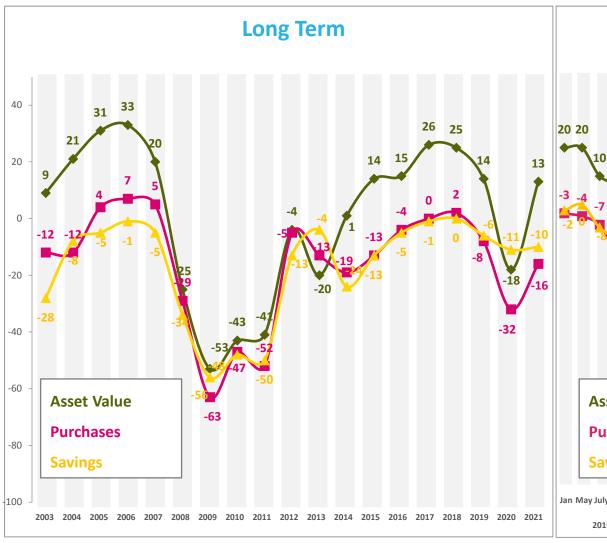
Expect it to be...



Balance Of Opinion in Summary - The Year Ahead



Expectations in regard to asset value, purchases, and savings









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