

TechScape 2020







Introduction



TechScape is conducted on our face-to-face CAPI Omnibus amongst a fully representative sample of 1,000 adults aged 16+ years.



The sample is stratified by age within gender by town size across 63 sampling points nationwide. An overall socioeconomic status quota is also applied.



As such, the sample is fully representative of all Irish adults, and not limited solely to the online population.



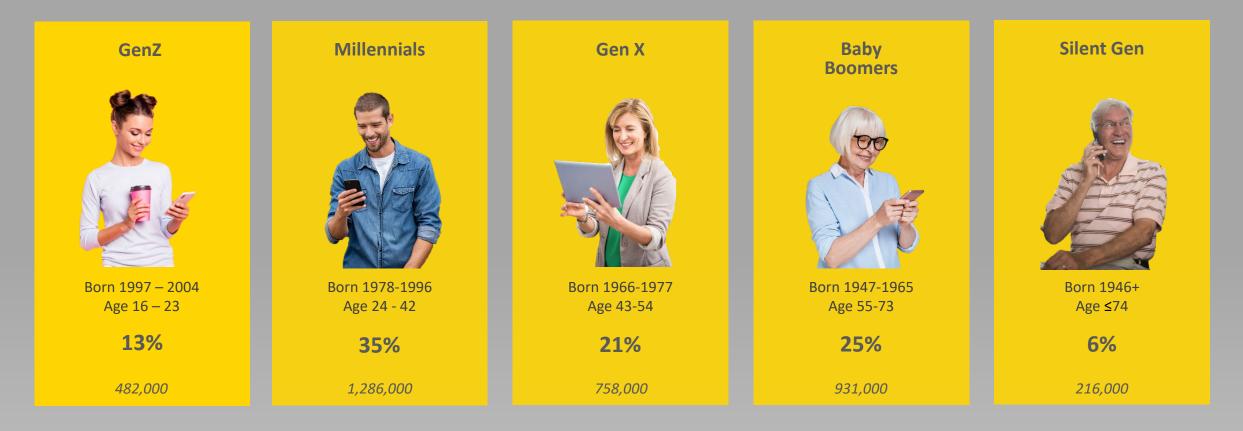
The fieldwork for this study was conducted between the 18th and 29th January 2020.

Introduction



In order to gain deeper insight into the tech habits of Irish consumers, **lifestage analysis** has been conducted on the findings from this year's TechScape. We have also included five different generations.

The definitions and size of prize of each generation have been detailed below:





Top TechScape insights 2020

Executive summary



Since 2012, Behaviour & Attitudes (B&A) has been tracking the use of and attitudes towards technology in Ireland. Looking back to that first year of the survey, the specific aspects of Technology measured seem almost quaint, when we marvelled at the fact that more than a third of all adults owned a smartphone, and that one in ten of us had an e-reader or Kindle. Since then, the digital juggernaut has gained an unstoppable momentum, with the pace of adoption of new tech solutions increasing exponentially as each year goes by.

The first aspect of technology we look at from this year's report is remote working, and the extent to which we were prepared to access the office from home before the Covid-19 crisis hit.

You could say that the worldwide workforce has spent the last ten years gently easing itself into home working, with most of us only doing so sporadically up until now. Fast-forward to just a few weeks ago, and vast swathes of the Irish workforce have been consigned to work from their bedrooms for the foreseeable future. The evidence from this year's Sign of the Times survey is that Ireland was in fact reasonably well enabled with the technology required to do so, in advance of the Pandemic striking.

For example, seven in ten of all adults were already regularly using a laptop from home by January of this year. Smartphone ownership had risen to over three million, with practically all of the broad 25 to 49 year old working age cohort owning such a device. In the qualitative focus groups conducted as part of the research, people spoke of the accepted necessity of maintaining access to the likes of work emails, digital calendars/diaries, etc. at all times, if only to display to their employer how committed they are to work.

There has, of course, been a downside to this 'always on' work ethic. For example, over a third of the population report checking their work emails while on holiday as they feel it is expected of them. More than half check emails last thing at night or first thing in the morning, with a quarter of us admitting that we find it hard to switch off from work in the evening or at weekends.

Our qualitative research module provided us with clear evidence of a move amongst some workers towards re-establishing a clear delineation between work and home life by way of turning off push notifications while at home, removing work emails from their phones, etc. No doubt there has been a scramble to reverse many of these corrective measures in recent weeks as people faced into a prolonged period of e-working.

Over the last number of years our research has consistently pointed up concerns about the growing rift between both people and communities, as they drift away from human interaction towards an increased immersion in virtual realities. It is for this reason that two-thirds of those surveyed tell us that they believe the art of conversation is increasingly being lost, and that a third of the population defer to their phone when in an awkward situation, rather than engage in real human discourse.

Executive summary



People tend to identify technology as the villain which has led to this unravelling of human connectivity. Within this paradigm, it was interesting to observe some of our research participants using terminology more commonly associated with addiction, in discussing technology and its hold over them. For many, the route towards breaking free from this dependency is via a return to a simpler way of living, for example incorporating mindfulness and meditation into their day, tech-free date nights with their partner, and so on.

To facilitate these aspirations, respondents described a range of steps they have already taken to help wean themselves off technology, such as deleting particularly addictive apps, leaving the phone at home on certain days of the week, or simply removing phones from the dinner table to foster family bonding.

Against this backdrop, it will be interesting to see whether the social isolation measures imposed upon us over the course of the current crisis will have resulted in an even greater sense of human and community disconnect, or whether it will have drawn us closer through the shared experience of pulling together to defeat the enemy.

Arguably the most profound theme emerging from our research relates to the extent to which technology has permeated through to all aspects of our everyday lives. Thus far, these roots of technology have extended most pervasively amongst Generation Z (roughly those born between 1997 and 2004), and the Millennials (born between 1978 and 1996). The behaviours displayed by these generations have by now become the norm, with those behind them likely to incorporate future technologies to their daily lives even more enthusiastically, in ways that we have yet to imagine.

To illustrate this point, we only have to look at the use of personal digital devices, which has grown from just 7% of adults in 2018, to 29% this year. At this rate, a majority of us will be wearing a personal tracking device of some sort within two to three years. Currently, these accessories are being utilised as a relatively simple means of providing us with checks and balances on our physical exercise regime. Within the not-too-distant future however, the experts tell us that advances in bio-technology could lead to personal technology generating full medical reports on our health and well-being, diagnosing medical conditions, and prescribing treatment programmes.

Imagine a world where the entire population could be tested for coronavirus through digital devices or implants, problem clusters immediately identified by the health authorities, and preventative action taken to stamp the disease out before it takes hold across the country. Perhaps in five years' time the B&A Sign of the Times survey will be reporting on a shift from technology as lifestyle enabler, to life saver.



Tech Gear

Surge in tech, with growth in:



eReaders 19%

7 = the average no. of smart devices in the home (10 amongst families with teens/GenZ)





29%

1 in 5 have a smart speaker (2 in 3 use for nonmusic features, 93% for music)

Smartphone ownership has peaked at 9 in 10. (However, only 40% of those of 74+ yrs have one)

While 81% of us access internet daily it stands at 96% amongst 16-49 yr olds and drops to 62% amongst 50+ yrs

Nation of streamers & bankers

Growth in streaming both legal & illegal:

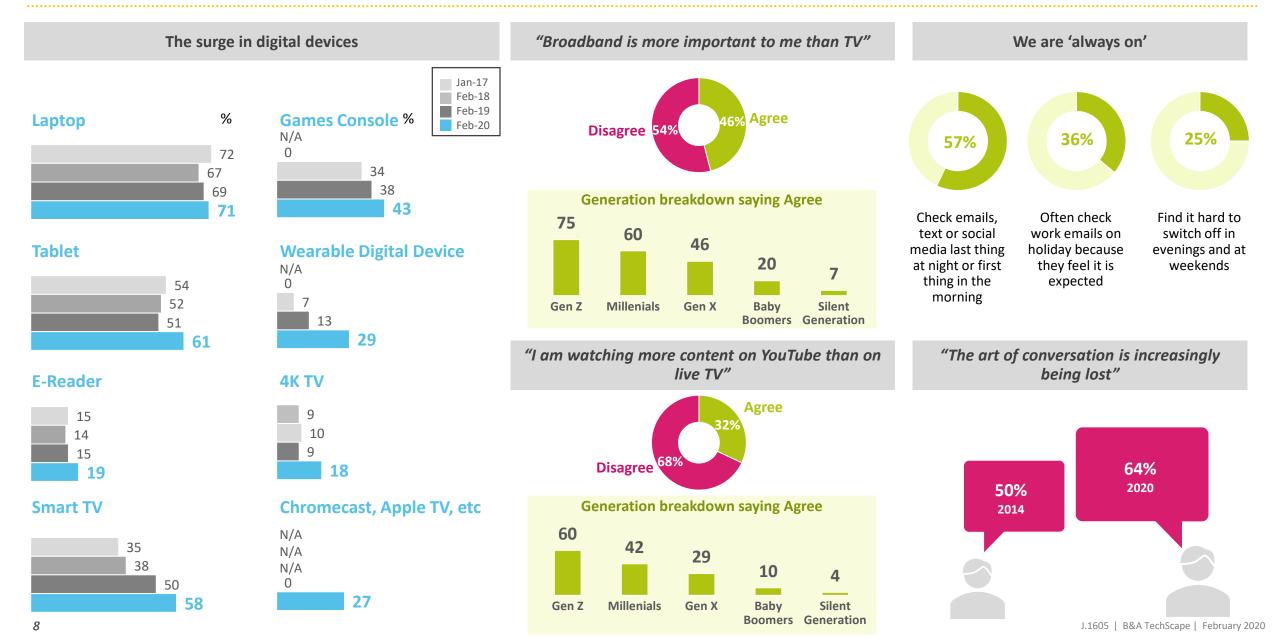


However, a divided society exists, with middle classes and Dubliners more tech geared - consequences for health and switching off.

CASINO Online

game online

BCA The results indicate that we were prepared for the home working revolution that occurred when Covid-19 hit our shores





	Social Animals	
Remaining most popular	Most significant increase (for usage levels)	Static for
2 in 3 Use Facebook	O 43% for Instagram	18% for 19% for Twitter LinkedIn
2 in 3	33% for Spotify	🄰 🛛 🚺
Use WhatsApp	8% for Tik Tok	
Growth amongst	GenZ for:	
	O O	
	Just under 1/4 of GenZ use a dati	ng site
DATA	3 in 5 of all adults watch what they post data concerns (GenZ girls more than boys)	on social media due to



60% of GenZ follow celebs/you tubers/influences (significantly more female)

Social impact of Tech



Mobile is **social crutch** for **1/3** of users. (play/look up stuff in awkward situations)



67% GenZ



2/3 feel the art of conservation being lost (all ages increasingly agree)



Almost 6 in 10 of us are Always On! (Checking emails/texts/SM last/first thing). Interestingly, Blue Collar less impacted.



Our inability to switch off has multiplied over the years (particularly check emails on holidays)

1/3 of workers now check emails on hols



¹/₂ of GenZ know someone who has been bullied on Social Media.





eCommerce

6 in 10 now purchase goods online, significantly higher for under 50s and middle classes (the latter purchase more books, electronics and car hire compared to C2DE).







Grocery online purchasing remains at about 1 in 10 of the population (but significantly higher in Dublin).



3 in **4** GenZ follow brands and also research products online in a store.



eCommerce and digital engagement (75% purchase online vs 38% over 50's).





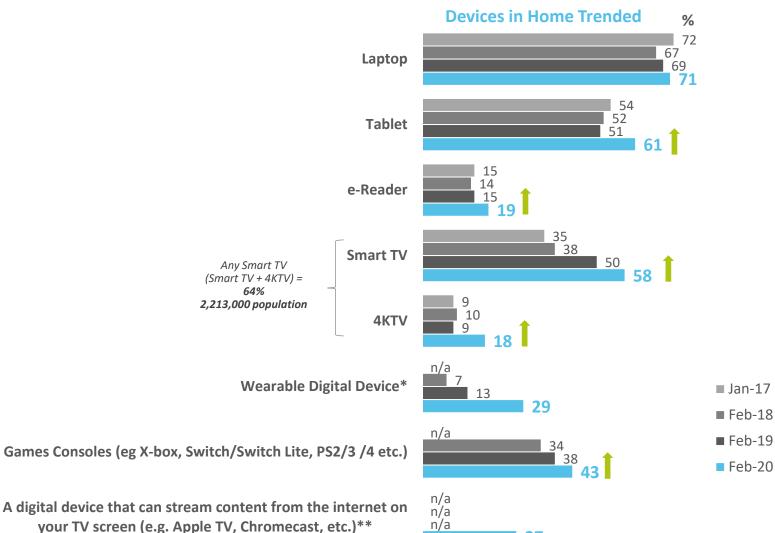
Half of all adults worry about data privacy online. (2 in 3 millennials)





A surge in Tech evident in 2020 with Smart TVs, Tablets and especially wearable devices growing. Even e-readers have seen an increase over the last year

Base: All adults aged 16+ - 934



27

71% Laptop Tablet 61% eReader Smart TV 58% 4KTV 18% Wearable **Games console** Streaming device



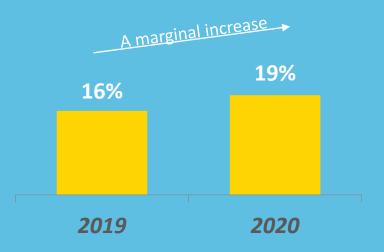
2020 Totals

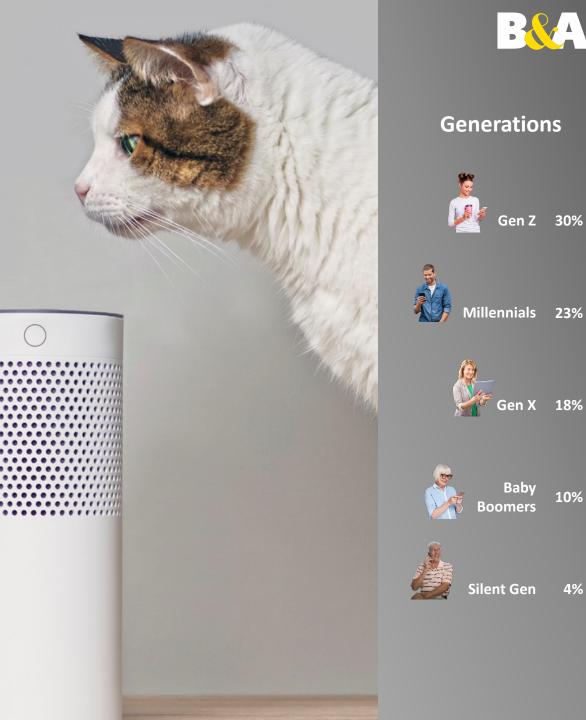
12

Other tech in the home

1 in 5 (19%)

has a smart hub/home assistant e.g. Alexa, Google Home, etc.





Gen Z 3<u>0%</u>

18%

10%

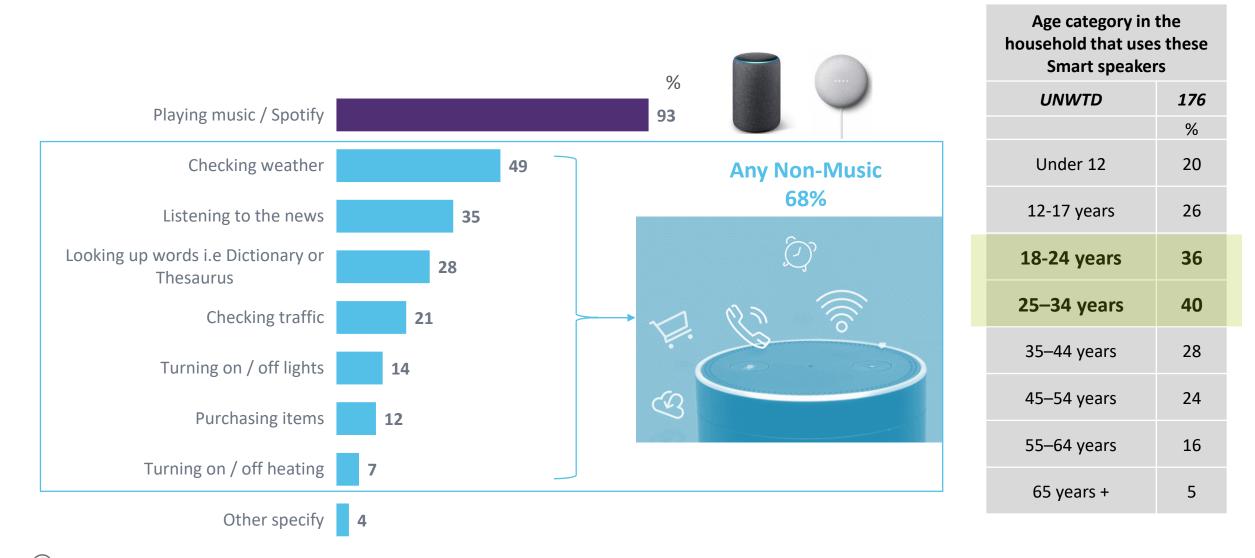
4%

Gen X

Baby

The use of smart speakers (i.e. Alexa, Google Assist/Home): Primarily music, but 68% do something else on their speaker

Base: All with Smart speakers (e.g. Amazon Alexa, Google Assist/Home etc.) 176

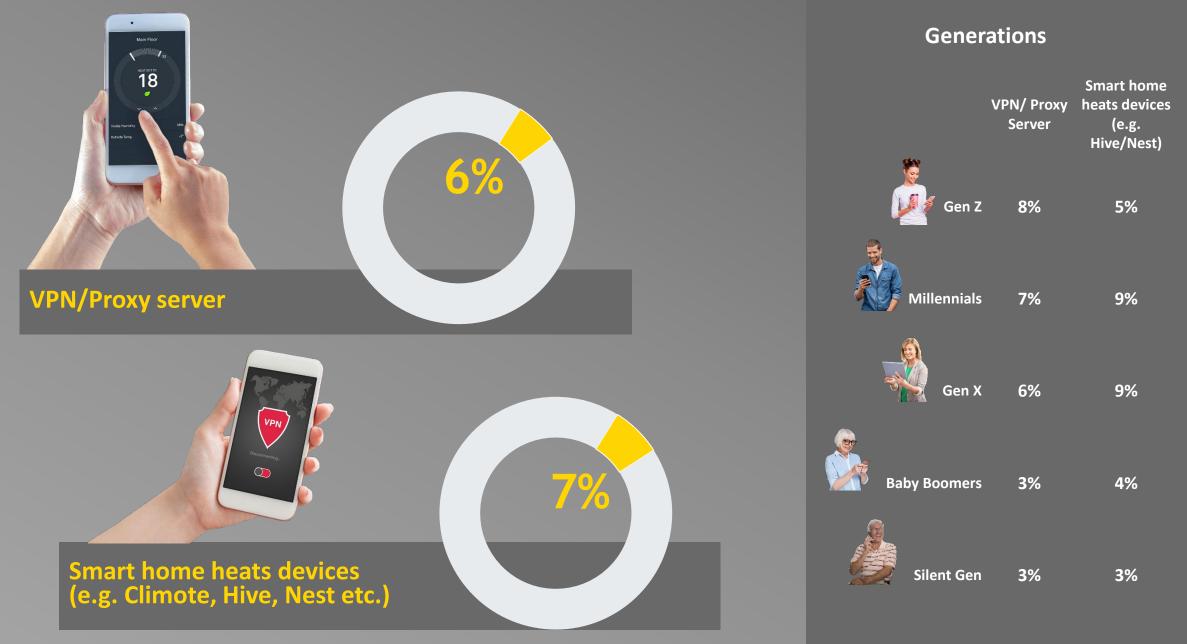


(?) Q.2b For which of the following do you use the smart speakers (i.e. Alexa, Google Assist/Home etc)?

14

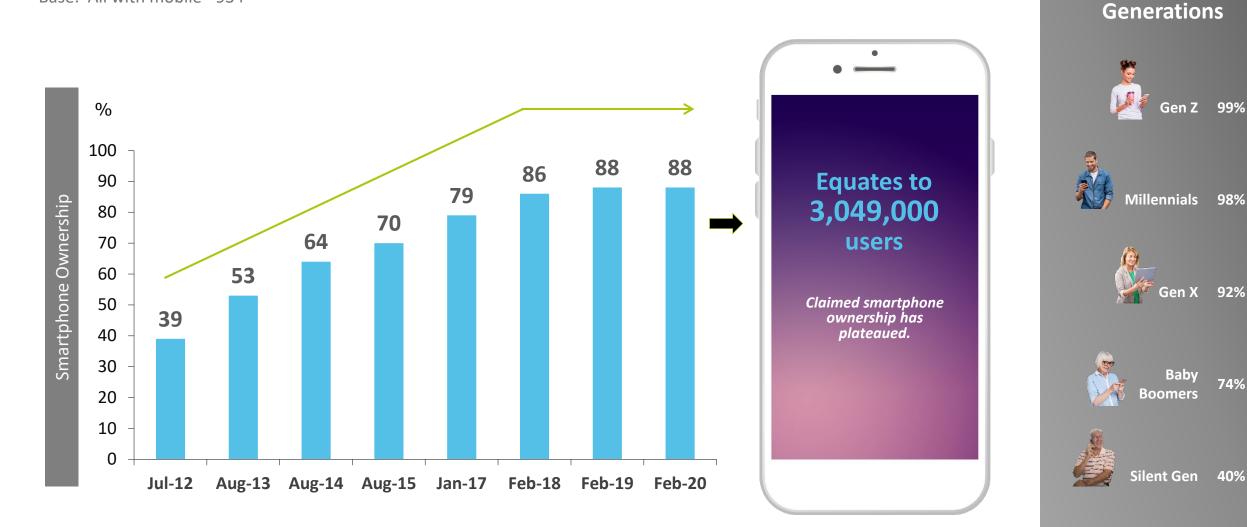
Other Tech in the home





Almost 9 in 10 mobile phone users now have a smart phone: 40% among the silent generation (those aged 74 years+)

Base: All with mobile - 934



Pre-January 2017 comparable data from eir Connected Living Survey 2015

B

Smartphone ownership among the over 65s is increasing

Base: All with mobile - 934



All under 50s with a mobile phone now have a smartphone, and smartphone ownership among the over 65s is increasing steadily.



Families with teenagers have an average of 10 SMART* devices at home

*Defined as smart device (e.g. Smart TV, wearable, laptop, etc.)





Generations (Average No.)



Millennials 8



Gen X 8



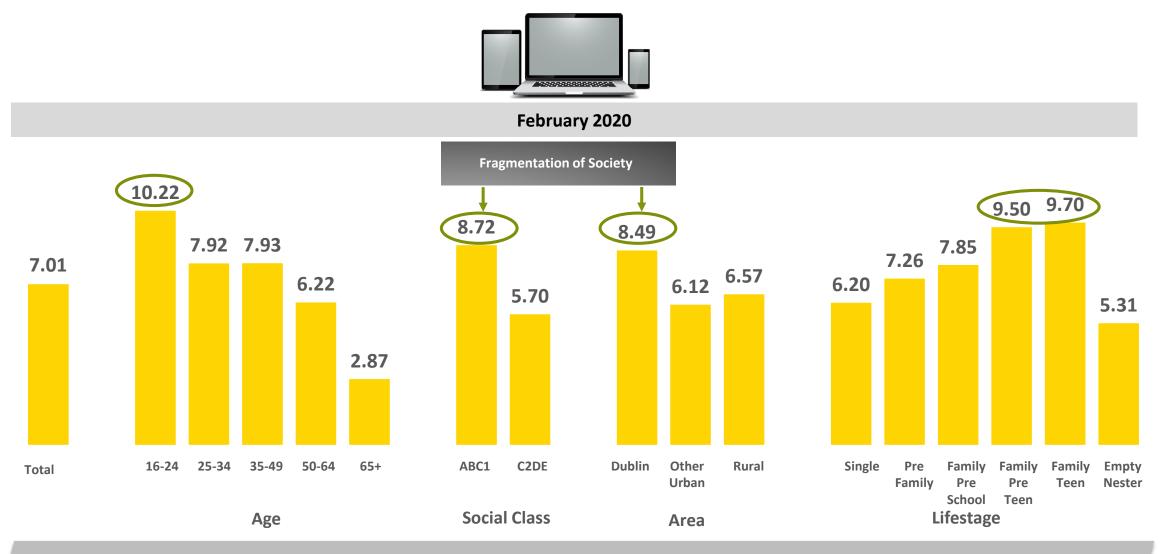
Baby Boomers



Silent Gen 2

On average, Irish homes have access to 7 smart devices* at home





Dubliners and Family Teen lifestage have access to the highest number of potential on-the-go devices, followed by Family Pre Teen.

19



of all adults aged 16+ now access the internet once a day or more often

26% Of those 74 yrs+ (Silent Gen) now access the internet

once a day or more often.

11% of population never access the internet



BRA

Gen Z 98%

Gen X 86%

Baby 59%

4 in 5 of us access the internet once a day or more often

Base: all Adults 16+ - 1,001

The use of Generational terms such as Baby Boomers etc., mask the age differences. 96% daily usage aged 16-49, while it drops to 62% amongst those aged 50+ years.



Note: 11% of the population still never access the internet (44% amongst 65+ age cohort, 61% amongst those 74 years+ - see Appendix).

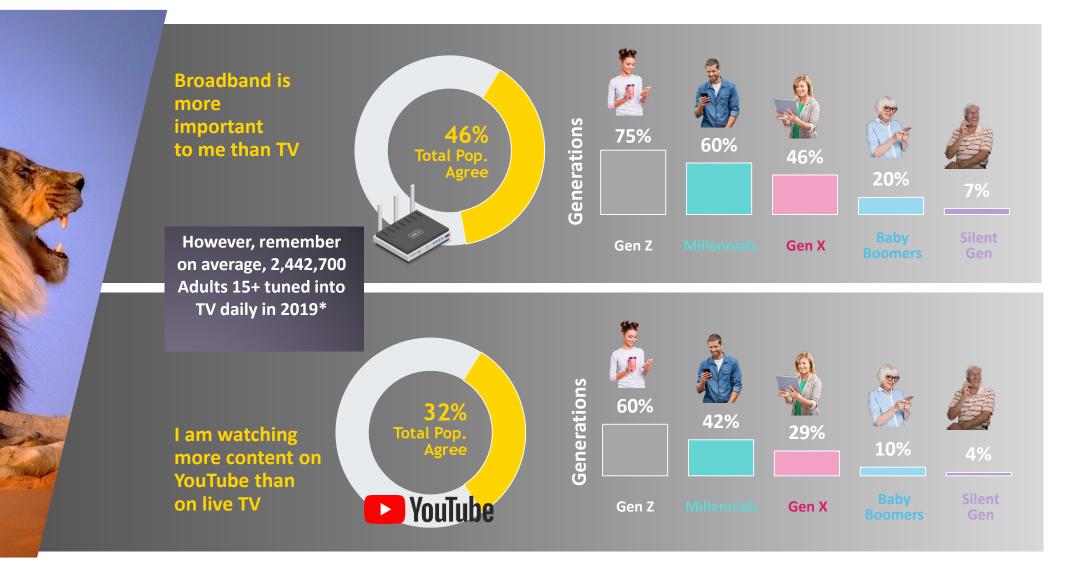
21

% Accessing the internet at least once a day



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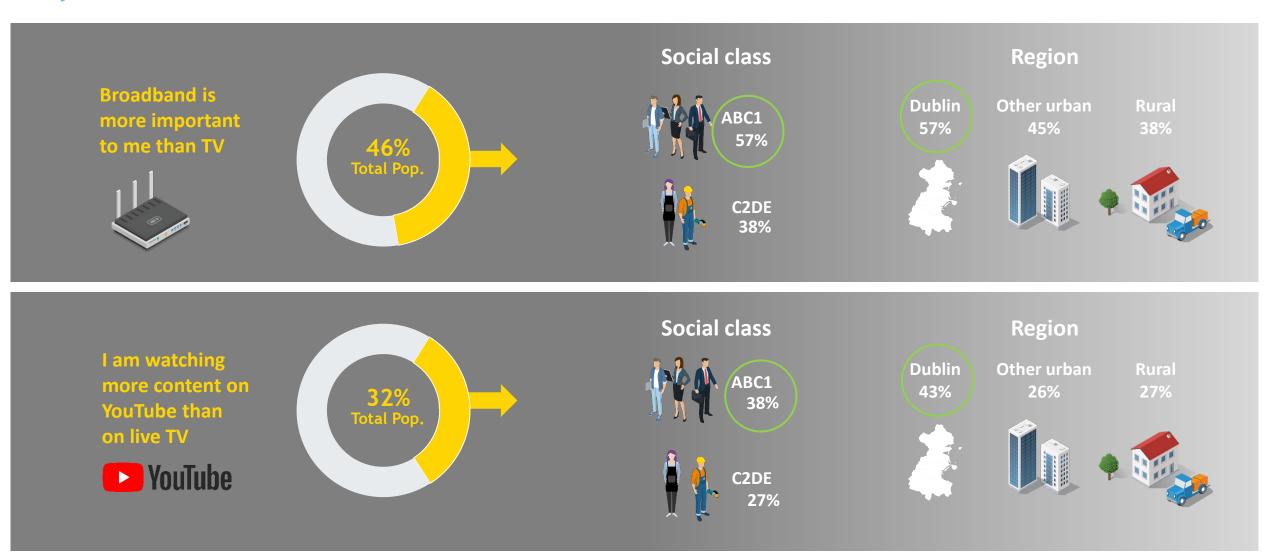
A nation of streamers and bankers online (entertainment & comms) For GenZ and Millennials, BB is more important than TV, with platforms such as YouTube attracting viewership. N.B. These generations still watch TV It does point to content being king



*Source: TAM Ireland / Nielsen, Based on Total TV, National, Consolidated, 1st January - 31st December 2019, Reach 000s 1+ Consecutive Minutes



Let us not lose sight of demographics. There is clear divide exists between Dublin: outside and middle class (ABC1): blue collar (C2DE). Dubliners and middle class people have a great affinity with BB (and other tech). This impacts what they use in the home, what they watch and what they interact with.





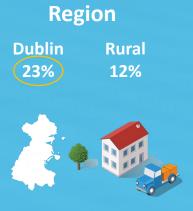


15%

of Pop.

(e.g. Revolut, N26, Monzo).

Dirven by middle class and Dubliners







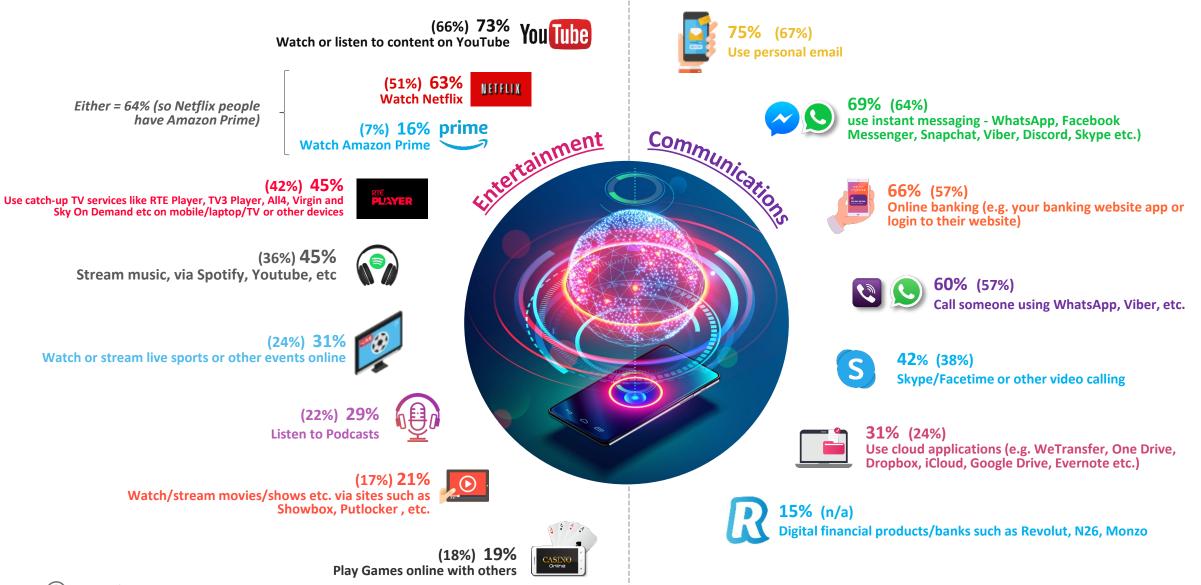




Growth in online usage for both entertainment and communications Key Highlights: Surge in paid and other streaming and digital banking

Base: All adults 16+ - 1,001

26

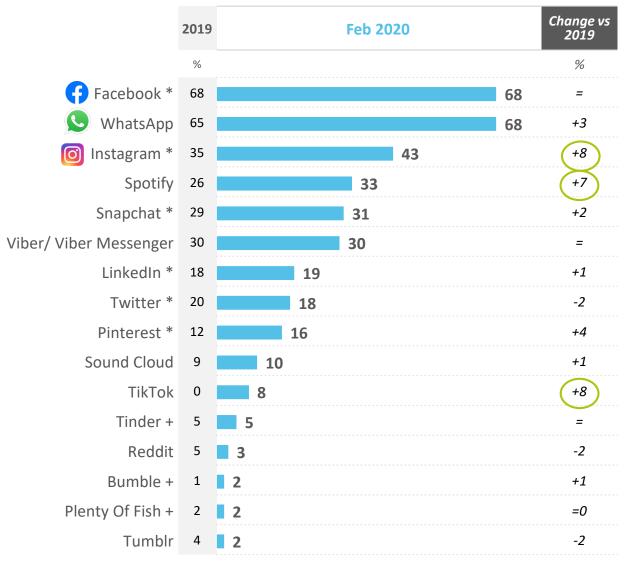




Social animals

Facebook and WhatsApp remain the most popular social media and OTT services used in 2020

Base: All Adults 16+ - 1,001



Pre-January 2017 comparable data from eir Connected Living Survey 2015 Reddit, Plenty of Fish and Bumble added in 2018 * = Social media + = Dating Sites

(?) Q.5 Which of the following, if any, do you ever use nowadays?

28

BRA

Instagram, Spotify and TikTok usage has increased most significantly over the past year (+7%-8%)

> *Any Social Media usage nowadays =

> > 74%

(73% in 2019)



22% of GenZ are on at least one dating site





Dating Site Generations





Millennials 8%



Baby Boomers

1%

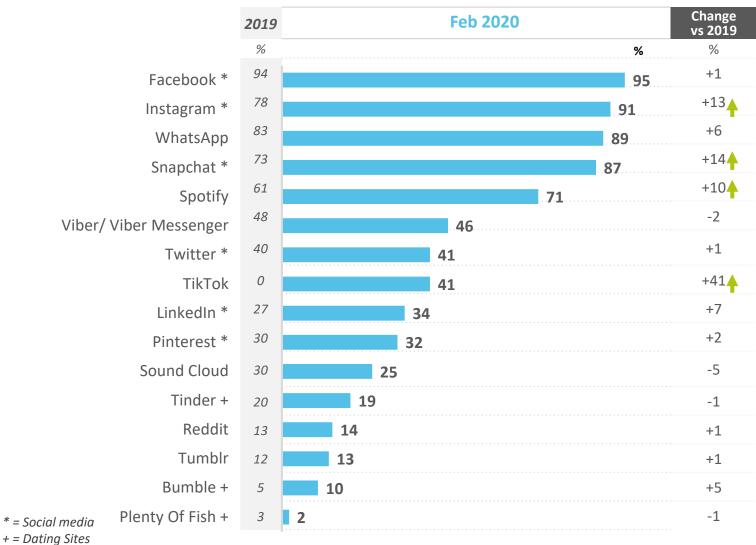
3%



Facebook, Instagram, WhatsApp and Snapchat most used social networks and OTT services among 16-24 year olds. However most growth for: Instagram, Snapchat, Spotify and TikTok

Base: All 16-24s -61

30



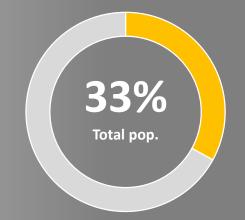




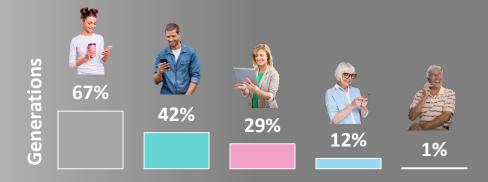
Social impact of tech

Oh no ... our mobile is now a social crutch!

Base: All adults 16+ - 1,001



Play or look stuff up on their mobile phone when feeling awkward or in awkward situations with people







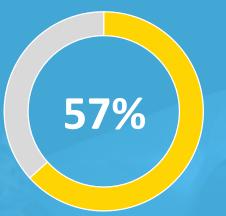




Age

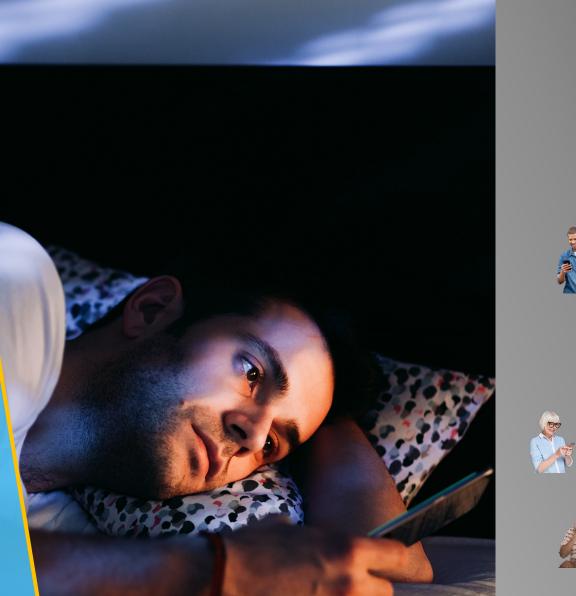
All ages are increasingly thinking this!

Always On!



check emails, text messages, or social media last thing at night or first thing in the morning

> Up from **46%** in 2019





Generations



Millennials 61%

Gen Z 69%







Silent Gen 22%

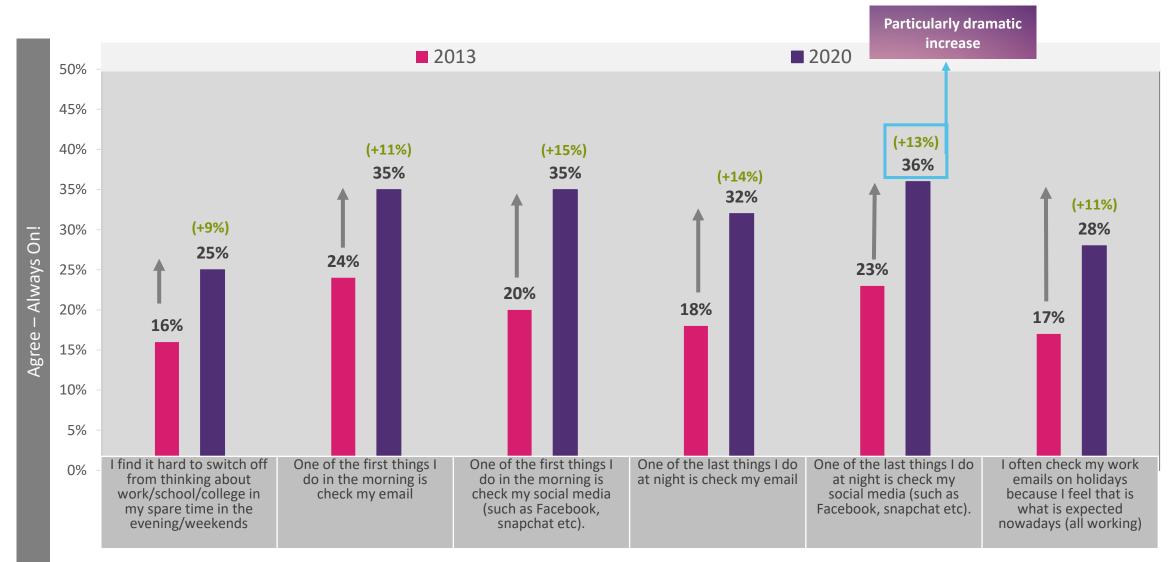
Interestingly blue collar (C2DE) less impacted. More likely to be more blue collar trades and having less tech.

Base: All Adults 16+ who use SM (708)

Our inability to switch off has multiplied over 7 years!



Base: All adults 16+ 1,001



The addiction and dark side of social media and communications is clear



Base : Use Social Media Sites 708				Generation				
= Significantly higher = Significantly lower			Gen Z	Millennials	Gen X	Baby Boomers	Silent Ge	
			111	293	146	137	15	
		%	%	%	%	%	%	
* Any check email/messages (anytime)		57	69	61	52	38	22	
I'm getting tired of Facebook and other social media		52	42	57	54	44	40	
* The first thing I do in the morning is check emails, text messages, or social media sites	48		63	51	42	33	18	
* The last thing I do at night is check emails, text messages or social media sites		47	63	51	42	27	22	
I can't imagine my life without social media	40		64	39	29	29	18	
I would rather not be on social media but I am afraid of missing out on what's going on around me	37	FOMO	47	38	37	25	22	
I use social media sites in order to fit in with my friends / peers	37	and fitting in also	47	41	31	23	20	
I'd hate to be the type of person who only has a few friends on social media such as Facebook	29	evident	43	29	26	18	15	
e siges الله someone who has been bullied on social media	27		48	27	21	14	5	
I know someone who has been bullied on social media I have been personally bullied on social media	9 More likely in Dublin 17%	% (vs. outside 5%)	14	10	<u>@</u> 4	5	5	
* All those who are working			51		100	8		
6 (?) Q.7 Here are some other things people have said about social	media. Do you agree with these stateme	ents?				J.1605 B&A	A TechScape Fel	

J.1605 | B&A TechScape | February 2020



eCommerce

Growth in online purchasing, but what are we buying online?





Three core categories now exist: flights, hotels and clothing.

Which, if any of the following do you do nowadays?

(?)

() = 2019

Who really purchases online?

Base: all Adults 16+ - 1,001



39



Generations



Gen Z 6



Millennials 6



Gen X 8



Baby Boomers



Silent Gen

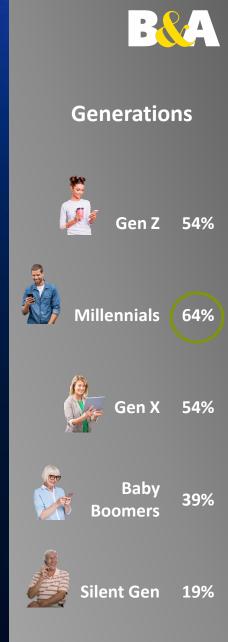
Among those who share posts online (48%), the average number of weekly posts is

Base: All who post online n = 447

Q.9 How many times a week would you post something online on a social media site or blog?



(Peaks amongst 25-49 year olds and those with children and Millennials).





Parting thoughts



Covid-19 & tech

Our need for tech during this crisis will have accelerated:

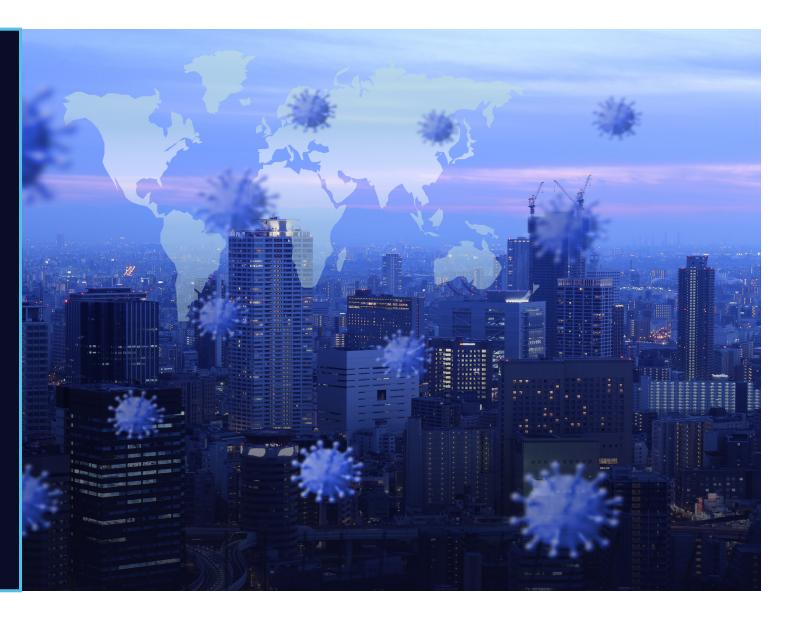


As we emerge from this national emergency and rebuild our lives, the question will centre around **what behaviours will we maintain** and to what extent will the primal human need for social contact flower again. Will Ireland be as **physically social again**? We think so, but **with a tech twist**. Thus, we will likely have more virtual meetings for work, more online shopping, but less virtual drinking!

What does the future hold?



Perhaps in five years' time the B&A Sign of the Times survey will be reporting on a shift from technology as lifestyle enabler, to life saver.





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Delve Deeper